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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Solicitor George Ward spoke for the State yesterday at the trial of James Wilcox. —— The Senate yesterday continued discussion of the bill for the protection of the President; an agreement was reached to vote on the measure to-day. —— In the House the River and Harbor bill was considered; Mr. Bellamy's amendment to appropriate $350,000 for the Cape Fear river above Wilmington was voted down. —— One of the Bristol, R. I., cotton mills has announced an advance of ten per cent. in wages of operatives. —— John Dillon, Irish Nationalist, is suspended from the British House of Commons for calling Mr. Chamberlain a d——d liar. —— Gen. Nelson A. Miles says he will resign from the army if the bill for organization of a general staff for the army should become a law. —— Fire at Athens, Ga., destroyed a cotton compress and 2,100 bales of cotton. —— A piano factory and other buildings in New York city destroyed by fire; loss $300,000. —— Judge Jones will to-day charge the jury in the Wilcox trial at Elizabeth City. —— The People's Bank at Americus, Ga., has closed its doors. —— The revolutionists in Venezuela seem to be gaining ground. —— Rev. Granville Louther, D. D., a Methodist minister, is to be tried for heresy at Arkansas City, Kas., March 26th. —— New York markets: Money on call at 4@5 per cent.; cotton quiet at 9½c; flour was less active; wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 86c; corn—spot steady; oats—spot easier; No. 2 45½c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., March 20.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 40 degrees; 8 P. M., 49 degrees; maximum, 59 degrees; minimum, 37 degrees; mean, 48 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 2.27 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. 14 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—For North Carolina: Increasing cloudiness Friday; rain at night and Saturday; warmer Friday near the coast; variable winds, mostly east to south and fresh.

Fort Almanac—March 21.

Sun Rises	6.03 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.13 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 9 M.
High Water at Southport	5.52 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	8 22 P. M

Gen. Wheaton, commander in the Philippines, is not only a good soldier bnt he is equipped with a stentorian voice by which he can make himself heard half a mile off without lossening his surcingle.

A case has just been decided in the New York courts in which twenty-four heirs squabbled over an estate which, after the cost of litigation was figured up, panned out $8. They got 33⅓ cents each, and a lot of experience.

Gen. Smith, of Chicago, gives the owners of sky scrapers in that town the cheerful information that the steel frames are rotting out. Perhaps the microbes have gone to feeding on them. They say there is a microbe which feeds on steel.

They say there is a college in Tennessee where the art of love making will be added to the usual curriculum. That kind of college training may be all right, but most people will think the old way good enough for all practical purposes.

They say lightning never hits twice in the same place, but it hits in many places, and hits lots of people too. A professor in the Washington weather bureau who has been keeping tab on it figures out that it hit and killed 713 persons in 1900 in this country, and injured 973 more. That's shocking.

Wickenburg, Arizona, comes to the front with the daisiest liar or the biggest gold find on record. It is a ledge 120 feet wide at its narrowest point, and carries from $40,000 to $50,000 a ton in gold, besides silver and copper. The original discoverers sold the tract two years ago to some Iowa capitalists for $6,000.

Major Gainsford, of Gen. Kitchener's staff, thinks more truth and less lying would help the situation in South Africa. He denounces the "cruel folly" of the British papers which hold out hopes that the war will be over by the time for the coronation. "We who know," he says, "realize that it cannot end inside of two years."

The agents of the U. S. Department of Agriculture in Kansas, Nebraska and several other Western States have noticed impending indications of a grasshopper plague early in the coming Summer. This will be welcome news to that Nebraska fellow who captures the hoppers, puts them up in blocks and sells them for chicken feed.

A COALING STATION.

Underwriting Syndicate Completed in Baltimore for Development of Fields.

DENIAL FROM THE SEABOARD

President Williams Says His Road Has Nothing to Do With the Scheme. May Mean Much for Wilmington and Southport.

The following press telegram from Baltimore will be read with much interest here:

"BALTIMORE, March 19.—The underwriting syndicate for the coal and railroad deal of the Union Trust Company was to-day completed and the amount largely over subscribed. This syndicate is for $2,800,000. It secures large tracts of coal lands—upwards of 100,000 acres—in southwest Virginia, and will build the Virginia & Southwestern and Ohio River & Charleston Railroads.

"These lines will form a short route from the coal fields of Wise county to Lincolnton, N. C. From the latter place they will run over the Seaboard Air Line to Southport, N. C., where large coal piers and docks will be built to handle the coal and other business.

"It is likely that an extension northward to the Ohio river may also be built, but the present underwriting does not include such a line. President Blackistone of the Union Trust Company has been working on this deal for several months. New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore capitalists are interested."

Regarding the recent publication in the Richmond *Times* in regard to the impression made upon the Virginia Senate Committee on Roads by an attorney for the Norfolk and Western to the effect that the Seaboard Air Line is probably back of a new road on its own account for the development of the coal fields of Buchanan, Dickenson and Wise counties and the ultimate extension of a direct line to Wilmington or Southport, President John Skelton Williams day before yesterday gave to the same paper an interview in which he denies his road's connection with the matter. President Williams says:

"If the attorney is quoted correctly in the morning papers, the statements which he made in regard to the Seaboard Air Line Railway are not according with the facts in the case, and are remarkably incorrect.

"The statement which he is reported to have made that the Gladesville Railway charter was probably backed by the Seaboard Air Line is without foundation, and the further statement that the Seaboard has recently purchased the Virginia and Southwestern Railroad is equally incorrect.

"The Seaboard Air Line Railway has been frequently urged to extend its lines into the coal fields of Southwest Virginia, in order to develop properties which are now lying dormant and yield neither the State nor their owners any revenue, and if we should at any time determine upon such a policy, the selfish arguments advanced by the gentlemen referred to are not likely to have any weight with the legislators who have at heart the best interests of the Commonwealth and are anxious to see her resources developed."

BURIAL IN HIS MOTHER LAND.

Remains of Chinaman Exhumed for Shipment to His Old Country for Interment.

The body of Dean Lee, one of Wilmington's colony of Celestials who died at the age of 45 years here on March 2nd, 1899, was exhumed yesterday by Undertaker W. E. Yopp and the remains were prepared and shipped last night to far away China for re-interment.

The body of the dead man was taken up at the request of his brother, Sam Lee, who now conducts a laundry on Market street, and all the expenses of the transfer will be met by him. The remains will go from Wilmington to James Naughton, undertaker, at 31-37 Mott street, New York, and from there they will be sent across the ocean to China. Remaining members of the family will have the body re-interred.

Meeting for Teachers.

The teachers of the public schools in the county for the white race will meet at the Court House at 10 A. M. to morrow for a general conference similar to those held lately at stated intervals. The meeting is for an interchange of ideas and mutual benefit generally. The teachers will discuss to-morrow the best methods of teaching grammar and geography.

Onions Now Being Shipped.

Faison *Journal*, *20th*: "Onions are the leading article of perishable stuff now being shipped to the Northern markets. There has been quite a demand for them this season, and from the hundreds of packages that have been transported to the cities of late, we must believe they are all highly perfumed by now. The man who can get up something to destroy the odor of the onion will have his fortune made."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Excursion—To Bald Head.
Murchison National Bank-Dividend

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—White girl or woman.
A. S. Winstead—Car load bananas.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Sales of spirits of turpentine were made yesterday after closing hour at the Produce Exchange at 45@46 cents.

— Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox left yesterday for Raleigh, conveying the insane white woman, Mrs. Lizzie Newsome to the Eastern Hospital.

—The directors of the Murchison National Bank have declared a dividend of three per cent., payable to stockholders of record April 1st.

— Prof. S. T. Ford, the New York humorist and lecturer, who will appear here Thursday and Friday nights at the Y. M. C. A., will lecture at Southport under the auspices of the School Library Committee Wednesday night.

— The alarm of fire at 11:34 A. M. yesterday was on account of a small blaze on the roof of a house occupied by Jos. G. Wiggins, No. 1001 North Ninth street. The department responded to an alarm from box 18. The damage was about $5.00.

— Subscribers who receive bills for subscriptions due the STAR are reminded that it is not fair to expect a publisher to supply them with news for nothing. Many, however, seem to think otherwise. As soon as a bill is received a prompt remittance should be made.

— The "Spring Chickens" and "Fourth Street Sluggers" played an interesting game of baseball yesterday, which resulted in a score of 19 to 10 in favor of the first named aggregation. The batteries were E. Moore and Bowser and J. Morris and Gore, respectively.

— Representative Bellamy has been making an aggressive fight for an appropriation of $350,000 for the upper Cape Fear river improvement, and his name frequently appears in the Associated Press telegraphic reports of the proceedings in the House of Representatives.

UNITED STATES COURT JURORS.

Those Drawn for the Term Which Convenes in Wilmington May 5th.

The following jurors have been drawn for the Spring term of the U. S. District Court which convenes here Monday, May 5th:

Columbus—Hayes Hinson, E. V. Thompson, L. W. Stanley, S. P. Chancey.

Pender—J. E. Henry, Wesley Jones, David T. Sparkman, Ell Larkins, D. J. Farrior.

Bladen—Owen J. Tatum, Walter R. McGill, Bizzell A. Downing, Chas. B. Pridgen.

Brunswick—Geo. H. Cannon, Jno. N. Bennett, David Ward, W. J. Weeks, F. P. White.

Richmond—J. T. Dawkins, R. L. Nichols, W. A. McDonald, J. T. Lisle.

Sampson—J. P. Simmons, W. J. Fryar, O. W. Owen, C. G. Robinson.

New Hanover—Robt. H. Hewlett, W. J. Orr, Jos. H. Watters, Thos. F. Bagley, Robt. W. Bordeaux, Chas. M. Harris.

Scotland—Jno. Bowen, Jno. Herndon, N. T. Gibson, J. W. Woodward.

Duplin—B. W. Blackmore, W. A. Moore, J. D. Southerland, Jr., Jas. F. Shine.

Robeson—Dan'l Watson, W. A. Savage, J. M. Burke, W. F. Henderson, G. H. Leach.

Cumberland—D. K. Taylor, Jas. B. Huske, A. M. Buie, Wm. Horne, C. J. Hodgepeth.

Jurors are summoned for the opening day of the term, but they need not be in attendance until Tuesday, the 6th, at 9 A. M.

THE SOULE ART EXHIBIT.

Yesterday Was "Hemenway Day" and It Was a Magnificent Success.

Yesterday was "Hemenway Day" at the Soule Art Exposition now in progress at the Tileston building and hundreds of students from that institution, their friends and the general public visited the magnificent exhibit and went away well pleased. It was no uncommon sight yesterday morning to see trolley cars well filled with children, chaperoned by their teachers, passing down Front street in the direction of the hall and the managers stated last night that they were quite well pleased with the total attendance during the day.

The hall where the exhibit is in progress is admirably adapted to the purposes for which it is being used this week and the collection of pictures is pleasing to the eye of the most exacting critic.

To-day will be "Union School Day" and, of course, that popular institution will vie with the others in making it a success beyond expectation. The hours are from 4 to 6:30 P. M. and 8 to 10 P. M. The public is cordially invited.

Delightful Outing for Sunday.

Despite the rough weather last Sunday the excursion on the steamer *Wilmington* to Bald Head and out to sea was so popular that Capt. Harper has decided to repeat it next Sunday, at which time he hopes to have more favorable conditions. All points of interest along the route will be "passed at" and the excursionists will have an opportunity of taking a novel "mule car" ride from the new government wharf at Bald Head over to the lighthouse. The fare for the round trip will be only 25 cents.

Sales of Valuable Realty.

The estate of the late Robert H. McKoy has sold through the real estate agency of J. G. Wright & Son to the Willard Bag and Mfg. Co. the building and lot, next north of the company's plant on South Water street. The "Bush Shingle Mill," across the river, has also been sold by Messrs. Wright & Son to Chas. M. Betts & Co., of Philadelphia, for $2,500.

A FREIGHT BUREAU.

Committee Recommends That One be Established in Connection With Produce Exchange.

THE CONSOLIDATION SCHEME

It Met With Favor by the Managers and Will be Submitted to General Meeting in April—Quotations On Spirits of Turpentine.

The plan of consolidation for the commercial bodies of the city, as adopted Wednesday afternoon by the Chamber of Commerce, was submitted to the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange at a special meeting at 4 P. M. yesterday and was received with great favor. The plan was unanimously endorsed and the president was requested to submit the same to the annual meeting of the entire Exchange on the second Tuesday in April for its consideration and action.

Another very important matter before the Board of Managers yesterday was consideration of the report of a special committee in regard to the establishment of a freight bureau to be maintained in connection with the Exchange. The committee consisted of President P. Pearsall, Mr. J. A. Taylor, Mr. L. B. Rogers and Mr. G. J. Boney and its report was likewise adopted and referred to the annual meeting in April for final consideration and action. The report is as follows:

Committee Report—Freight Bureau.

It has been apparent for some time that the Exchange was wanting in some features to make it more valuable to the business community. Undoubtedly it is beyond our financial ability to equip an Exchange in an ideal manner; nevertheless, we are of the opinion that some features can be added with our present resources which will make the Exchange more valuable, and while insuring the integrity of the present membership, hold out inducements to others to become members.

Every one recognizes the vital influence of freight rates on the welfare of a business community. Indeed, freight rates can either make or unmake a commercial centre. Changes in rates are constantly going on either to the detriment or the betterment of a community. These changes are made more frequently silent and unobserved than radical and sensible. Any radical change will at once arrest the attention of the public while minor changes will often pass unnoticed. Again, changes can be made in reclassification, which to the average merchant is unintelligible and as a general rule escape notice altogether. Intelligent application of the situation and the force of public opinion are the most essential means for safe-guarding traffic conditions. The protest of an individual is often made light of as the ebullition of a fault-finding spirit, but concert of action supported by a strong public sentiment commands respect and insures results.

It follows, from the foregoing, that to incorporate a freight bureau feature would be a very wise and valuable addition to the machinery of the Exchange, and will in our opinion be the means of gaining new members and doing a work for the community whose importance can scarcely be measured. It is as of much importance that freight rates should be known and every change noted as it is to furnish the intelligence of market quotations. The most powerful weapon against freight rate discrimination is intimate acquaintance with traffic conditions on the part of the public, and with a bureau equipped as suggested there would be no excuse for ignorance of actual traffic conditions on the part of any member of the Exchange.

We think it feasible to add to the present duties of the secretary that of conducting such a department, and recommend that this be done. For the additional service the secretary would no doubt be entitled to some additional consideration. * * * * It is essential that the bureau be thoroughly equipped, and the work so systematized that every change in rates would be at once noted, and every member of the Exchange put in possession of the fact.

The details will have to be worked out by the governing board, but the machinery will be very simple, and the additional cost very small. Respectfully submitted.

Spirits Turpentine Quotations.

About the only other question which came to the attention of the Board was in regard to the difference in quotations for spirits of turpentine in machine-made casks and country casks. For a long time the rule was that a difference in favor of the superior package should be only half a cent, but lately that rule has been disregarded and spirits in country casks has been selling uniformly one cent lower than when contained in the machine-made barrel. The secretary was instructed yesterday to notify dealers in spirits that at the regular meeting of the Board of Managers in April the matter of difference in quotations would be acted upon, application having been made to the body for a ruling on the same. All members interested are requested to be in attendance upon the Board meeting at that time in order that a full and intelligent discussion may be had.

Mr. S. J. Springer to Wed.

Friends in the city yesterday received handsomely engraved invitations as follows: "Mrs. Eugene Murray Short invites you to be present at the marriage of her daughter, Bessie Stone, to Mr. Samuel Jennings Springer on Wednesday evening, April the ninth, nineteen hundred and two, at nine o'clock, Presbyterian church, Washington, North Carolina. At home after May first, Wilmington, North Carolina." The prospective groom is one of Wilmington's most progressive young business men as a member of the firm of J. A. Springer & Co., and the bride elect is a young lady of many personal charms and beauty.

COAST LINE STOCKS.

Rapid Advance Creates Interest in Baltimore and Elsewhere—Rumors as to the Cause.

Advices from Baltimore are to the effect that the recent marked advance in the stocks of both the Atlantic Coast Line, of Connecticut and the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has created much interest there. The tendency of the market for those stocks has also been watched with intense interest here, where a large amount of the stock is owned and where the general offices of the latter company are located.

A dispatch from Baltimore says there are a number of rumors there, but there is authority for only one, which is to the effect that the dividend on the common stock of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company will be increased from 3 to 4 per cent. This is expected in Coast Line circles. One report was that the Pennsylvania Railroad would buy the property. This met a prompt denial from an official source.

Another was that the Atlantic Coast Line of Connecticut would secure control of the Plant System, but this was regarded as impracticable under the strong anti-consolidation laws of Florida and Georgia. The probable distribution of surplus assets was another explanation, but it is regarded a stoo early since the last dividend of this sort to expect another one.

FIRST GUN OF THE SEASON.

Game of Baseball Between Crack Teams at Hilton This Afternoon

The baseball season proper will be inaugurated this afternoon with a game at Hilton between the "High School Champions" and "Merriwell's Blue Caps." An exciting contest is expected as the managers claim the teams are in fine trim. The public is invited. The teams will line up as follows:

CHAMPIONS		BLUE CAPS.
Moore, L	c	Tilley
Foard	p	Linder
McIntire	1b	Huhn
Cole	2b	Litgen
Hall	3b	Little, F.
Wescott	s. s	Daniels
Schulken	l. f	Register
Morse	c. f	Guthries
Orrell	r. f	Wright

L. Moore is captain and manager of the "Champions" while Joe Linder will direct the fortunes of the "Blue Caps."

Transfer of the Newkirk Place

A deed in fee simple from Luther A. Blue and wife to Thos. H. Wright, under date of March 14th, and conveying the Newkirk plantation on the sound was filed yesterday for record at the Court House. The consideration named is "the sum of one dollar and for other and more valuable consideration." The deed defines two tracts, the first beginning at the mouth of Barren Inlet Creek and running south along the margin of the sound, following its various courses to a live oak at the mouth of Goose Creek; thence north 100 poles to a rice field branch; thence same course 250 poles to a white oak on William Mott's back line; thence with that line and Daniel McClammy's line 232 poles to Barren Inlet and with the run of the creek to the beginning. The second track is bounded on the northwest by the tract above, on the east by the sound, on the south by the land now or lately owned by Benj Mott, on the west by the lands of S. Sneeden and on the north by the land conveyed by William Mott to John Swann. The tracts contain 1,250 acres, more or less, and are understood to have been purchased by Mr. Wright for Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont.

Small Schooner in Distress.

Capt. Marine, of Marine's, Onslow county, was in the city yesterday to get a hawser and other apparatus for the purpose of pulling off a small coasting schooner belonging to him, which went ashore Wednesday afternoon while coming through Corn Cake inlet. She had a cargo of naval stores which was lightered without success in an effort to get the vessel off. The vessel is, however, not in bad position and Capt. Marine expected to get her off on high tide yesterday afternoon. The schooner is a new one and has not yet been named. She is 60 feet long, 18 feet beam and draws 4½ feet of water. She was making her initial trip when she went aground.

Skeleton of Britisher Exhumed.

Laborers engaged yesterday in digging away a hill to make place for a building of the Cape Fear Fisheries Co. at Old Brunswick are reported to have unearthed a skeleton, which is most probably that of a British soldier killed during or before the Revolutionary war. With the skeleton embedded in the earth were a number of military buttons which bear the imprint of an English manufacturer for the British army during the 17th century. It was indeed an interesting find and recalls many bits of history connected with Old Brunswick and England long ago.

New Rule at Banks.

Posted conspicuously in the two national banks of the city is this notice: "No accounts carried unless the average balance is $100 or over." The ruling was made in order to facilitate the transaction of business by the two institutions.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by H. Folin's Palace Pharmacy.

MILLINERY OPENING.

Annual Easter Display at Wilmington's Big Racket Store Now in Progress.

A MAGNIFICENT SUCCESS.

Hundreds Visited the Establishment Yesterday and Many More Will Go Today—Profusion of Styles and Latest Creations.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store, Mr. George O. Gaylord proprietor, was an exceedingly popular establishment with the ladies yesterday and hundreds of them thronged the place from early morning until late in the evening.

The occasion of the rush was the annual Easter opening of dry goods and millinery at that popular emporium, and it is safe to say that no more splendid success has attended an opening this season in any store than was manifest at the store of Mr. Gaylord yesterday.

From garret to cellar the immense building wore a gala attire and the magnificent display was a work of art. Clever salesmen and salesladies had transformed the place into a veritable beauty-land, the decorations having been especially fine. Each department received the skilled attention of its manager and the goods were there to speak for themselves.

The millinery department in charge of Miss Alma Brown and a corps of twelve experienced assistants, is of course, attracting the most widespread attention and really excels all others in the manner of its decoration and the beauty and variety of styles shown Miss Brown and Mr. Gaylord recently spent nearly a month in the Northern markets and their discriminating and superior taste in selection is especially noticeable. The stock is the largest ever brought by Mr. Gaylord to Wilmington and there is no reason why the most fastidious or the most humble purchaser may not find "just the very thing" wanted.

There are a number of new and very pretty styles this season and Miss Brown's stock includes them all. There's no reason to designate by names, numbers or fancies—they are all there and suited to the tastes of the many.

The dress goods department display is notable among the others and everything new is included. The display of organdies, dimities, foulards, dotted Swiss, wash taffetas, piques, silk ginghams, shirt waist silks, black goods and flannel dress goods in all colors is very fine. They are also showing tricots and albatross in profusion. A full line of silk shirt waists and tailor made suits are fashionable and creditably displayed.

The opening will continue through to-day and this evening. The ladies are especially invited to attend.

Reunion of Brunswick Veterans.

A number of the Confederate Veterans, of Brunswick county, met this week at Southport and decided to have a reunion and rally there on Saturday, May 24th. The township chairmen, appointed last reunion, were requested to call a meeting of veterans in their respective townships and organize in order to bring out a full attendance. Invitations were extended to Capt. Swift Galloway, of Snow Hill, Capt. T. C. Davis of Morehead City, Hon. D. L. Russell, of Wilmington, Capt. D. C. Allen, of Bernard and Rev. A. D. Betts, of Bethel. Ivitation was also extended to the Monumental Association to meet with the veterans, and to act as a committee of arrangements.

Basket Ball To-night.

The "Boys' Brigade" and "Young Men" will try conclusions on the basket ball floor at the City Hall to-night, and a contest royal is expected. After the game there will be an interesting athletic exercise in high and broad jumping, in which features the Y. M. C. A. team recently excelled in Charlotte. The public is cordially invited.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. A. McKoy has returned to Atlanta.

— Mr. Alex. Page, of Rockingham, was here yesterday.

— Capt. J. L. Autry, of Autryville, is in the city on a business visit.

— Capt. R. W. McKeithan, of Supply, N. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. S. Holden returned yesterday from a business trip to Lumberton.

— Mr. M. G. McKenzie, editor of the Maxton *Scottish Chief*, was here yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Pope, general counsel for the A. C. L. at Fayetteville, was here yesterday.

— R. H. Edwards, Esq., of Goldsboro, is the guest of his brother, the popular J. D. Edwards, of the A. C. L. ticket office.

— Mrs. D. E. Winstead, of Washington, D. C., arrived yesterday morning to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Southerland.

— Mrs. H. L Fennell and children left yesterday for Greenville, N. C., where they will visit friends and relatives for two or three weeks.

— Mr. K. C. Barrett, of Rocky Mount, route agent of the Southern Express Company, came down to "headquarters" yesterday for a few hours.

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING
THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee
To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

nov 24 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

The Directors of this Bank have today declared a dividend of 3 per cent. payable April 10th to stockholders of record April 1st.

J. V. CRAINCER, Cashier.

mar 21 tf

Statement of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

At close of business February 25th, 1902, condensed from report to Corporation Commission.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Furniture and Fixtures	1.00	Capital	$ 25,000.00
Burglar Proof Safety Deposit Boxes	1.00	Interest reserve—accrued interest due depositors	8,000 00
Real estate	1,300 00	Profits—less expenses and taxes paid	40 10 04
Loans	$74,956 17	Deposits	779,846 16
Cash on hand and in banks	49,53..13		
	$855,790.00		$855,790.00

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

H. WALTERS, J. W. NORWOOD, DONALD MACRAE, N. B. RANKIN, GEO. R. FRENCH
D. O'CONNOR, H. L. VOLLERS.

Comparative Statement.

	February 26th, 1901.	February 25th, 1902
Deposits	$ 681,773	779 846 16
Net profits	31,464 83	48.10 04
Depositors' interest reserve	6,500 00	8,000 00

mar 4 "

The Baseball Outlook.

Mr. Edgar Bear continued his personal canvass for baseball funds yesterday and secured between $125 and $130. He will make one more effort to-day and upon the result of the day's work will depend Wilmington's hopes of having a team in the League. Mr. Bear in making his canvass necessarily fails to see many who would possibly subscribe and to all these he requests that they telephone him or make known the amount of their subscriptions in some way. If Wilmington is to have a team Mr. Bear says the money must be forthcoming to-day.

Mr. McKenzie Manager.

Charlotte *Observer*: "Kingan & Company, a meat firm of Indianapolis, Ind., are establishing a branch warehouse in Charlotte, to be used as a distributing point for the surrounding cities and towns. Mr. L. P. Mackenzie, who was formerly with the Armour Packing Company, has been given the position of manager of the branch house.

Recruits for Army.

Large lithographic posters have been conspicuously tacked up in different sections of the city calling for recruits for the U. S. army. Lieut. T. W. Hollyday, of Fort Caswell, is in charge of a new recruiting station established there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Excursion to Bald Head.

Steamer "Wilmington" will make special trip to Bald Head Island and out to sea Sunday, March 23rd, leaving Market dock at 10 A. M. and returning at 5 P. M. All points of interest along route will be touched. Fare for round trip 25 cents.

mar 21 1t J. W. HARPER.

Things Are Seldom What They Seem.

"Selling out at cost to quit business." "Selling out at cost to move out of the city." Brandy and soda is a good drink, but too many B.'s and S.'s will make a whole city sick. Red flags and auction sale signs will catch "rubes" and "hayseeds," but in a live progressive city intelligent people pass them by, strangers wonder at them and conclude that this is not a good place to locate at. I am here to stay as long as the people patronize the only first class furniture store in North Carolina. 10,000 $1.00 Rockers at 49c.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
mch 16 tf Inter-State 61.

FOR SALE OR RENT

A desirable new Cottage, never been occupied; furnished or unfurnished, at the northern end of Ocean View Beach. Price reasonable.

For further information apply to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
Wilmington, N. C.,
mar 18 tf 18 Market street.

THE FLOODS HAVE DELAYED.

The receipt of our Goods, but we have some attractive bargains in Suits, Sideboards, Chairs and Couches. We offer for one week a nice Oak Rocker, usually sold in this market for $1.50, for $1.00. Get one before they are gone.

GASTON D. PHARES,
Furniture and House Furnishings.
Inter-State 'Phone 76. 110-112 Market street.
March 9 tf

"MATCH IT"
"MATCH IT"
"MATCH IT"

CHEROOTS.

Wrapped with Sumatra Wrapper and as good as many 5c cigars, a mild sweet smoke, and gives entire satisfaction. Sold by all first class stores.

"Cubenola,"
"Cuban Blossom,"
"Emanuel Portunda,"
"Renown,"

CIGARS

all high grade and Cuban hand made and highest quality stock in these brands. These brands are the highest quality that can be put in a 5c Cigar.

Schnapps,
Lone Home,
Show Down,
Early Bird,
Good Luck,
Foot Prints,
Cabin Home.—brands

TOBACCO.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
General Provision Dealers.
mar 16 tf

CANDY, EASTER EGGS.

A FULL LINE.

E. WARREN & SON.

mar 19 1y

Sandy Run Poultry Yards

W. D. HARRILL & CO., Prop.,

ELLENBORO, N. C.

Eggs for sale from prize winners of the following varieties:

Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Buff, Brown and White Leghorns, Buff Plymouth Rocks, Partridge Wyandottes, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs. Won at High Point, N. C., every first prize competed for but two; won at Charleston, S. C., four first, second and third on ten entries.

Eggs—Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs $1.50 for 15; Partridge Wyandottes $2.00 for 15; Langshans, Minorcas and Brahmas $3.00 for 15.

Write your wants or order from this advertisement. We will do you right. feb 26 tf

When You Want Something Good

And Don't Know What It Is, Look Over This List.

Sweet Pickled Peaches by the quart.
Big Fat Prunes 25 to the pound.
White Peaches in Cordial.
Stuffed Olives.
Chicken Tamales.
Genuine (6)-four Crown Malaga Bunch Raisins.
Smyrna Figs.
Mountain Rose Asparagus Tips.
Malaga Grapes.
Extra fine Petit's Peas.
Nabob White Cherries.
Sunbeam Corn.
Tandem Peas.

S. W. SANDERS.
At The Unlucky Corner.
mar 13 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING MARCH 21.

MAKING TROUBLE FOR THEMSELVES.

The Republicans in Congress are making a record which will be of immense benefit to the Democratic party in the coming Congressional and Presidential elections, for it is a record which they cannot defend when confronted with it. Professing to represent the people and to be working for the betterment of the masses they have been controlled by the trusts and combines and have done their bidding as hirelings might do the work of their masters, and have given the people as little thought and consideration as if they were the mere hewers of wood and drawers of water for the trusts and combines.

As an illustration, take the oleomargarine bill which passed the House of Representatives by a large majority after a mere formal discussion. Did the people ask for that? Was there any expression of popular sentiment asking for this legislation to destroy the oleomargarine industry, which supplies poor people with a cheap substitute for butter, makes a market for millions of gallons of cotton seed oil and gives employment to thousands of people? No one demanded the enactment of such legislation but the dairymen of the North who looked upon oleomargarine as a competitor and as a reducer of their profits, although the price of good butter has for some time had an upward tendency in spite of the large increase in the consumption of oleomargarine.

The large dairies are in the North and in the West, and it was to placate these that this attempt was made to crush the oleomargarine industry. They would take money out of the pockets of the people to put it in the pockets of their friends, the dairymen.

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, has some constituents who are engaged in the growing of fine wool, and he is working to put through Congress a law to protect his friends from the folly of the men who framed and passed the Dingley tariff bill, which put such a tariff on wool as to stimulate the shoddy industry to such an extent that it materially interferes with the fine wool industry. With the tariff duties on woollen goods they are too dear for the masses of the people, and as a result they buy shoddy substitutes because they are cheaper, whether they know they are shoddy or not. Mr. Grosvenor, in the interest of his friends, the wool growers, now proposes a law requiring manufacturers to label the goods they make, the label to show the quantity of wool, and of other materials there is in that piece of goods. The object of the law is ostensibly to protect the buyers from imposition, by letting them know what they are buying, but the real object is to drive shoddies out of the market as competitors of wool.

As a matter of fact there is no objection to a law requiring things to be sold for what they really are, but this isn't the motive with Mr. Grosvenor, who is not thinking of protecting the people from being imposed upon by the manufacturers of goods resembling woollen goods, but to check the use of substitutes for wool, thus increase the demand for wool and increase the sales and profits of his wool-growing constituents. As between them and the people it is their voice that is heard and their interests that are looked after.

Again, take the case of the Cuban tariff and reciprocity, about which so much has been said since the late President McKinley commended it so earnestly in his message to Congress. When he remarked upon the advisability of reciprocity as a means of giving us the wider markets our exporters need and favored a reduction of the tariff on articles which no longer needed high protection, his sentiments were generally endorsed by the leaders of the party and were approved by the masses of his party. This was so general that the inference was that one of the first measures in Congress would be to establish reciprocity, where it was practicable, and to reduce the tariff duties on such articles as no longer needed protection from the "cheap pauper labor of Europe."

The very first effort, when it was tried on Cuba, failed, the leaders not only ignoring the recommendation of the President they professed to esteem so highly, but repudiating the pledges to Cuba and the solemn obligations which we assumed when we took upon ourselves the guardianship of Cuba, and practically took from her the right to do anything for herself without first consulting us and securing our sanction.

They have tried to wriggle out of this shameful breach of faith, and ignoring of Mr. McKinley's recommendations by favoring temporary 20 per cent. reduction makeshift, which doesn't settle that question but simply postpones the settlement for two years more.

Why all this vacillation and repudiation of promises? Simply because certain protected interests demanded it—sugar makers, tobacco growers, citrus fruit growers and others who were less concerned about the country's honor than they were in the profits made out of the monopoly the tariff gave them in their respective lines. The political campaign contributors were on our side, solemn promises and the American people on the other side, and the campaign contributors won.

How will they defend their shameful course on this question when they are cited before the people and called upon to explain and defend it? They can't do it.

The ship subsidy bill, which will take about five or six millions of dollars a year out of the pockets of the people, has passed the Senate as a party measure. Six Republican Senators voted against it after vainly trying to amend it so that they could dare to vote for it. Every Democrat in the Senate voted against it, save one, who still persists in calling himself a Democrat, although he affiliates and votes with the Republicans—McLaurin, of South Carolina. The six Republican Senators who voted against it represent agricultural States, and they knew when they were so voting that they were voting in accordance with the sentiments of the people of their States.

If that had not been made a party measure it never could have passed the Senate. Why was it made a party measure? Because some rich men who will build or now own fast steamers will get the larger part of the subsidies, and these men and the ship builders who expect to profit by it, wanted it, and they are liberal contributors to Republican campaign funds. It was the few with the money who help the Republican party with their money, on one side, and the people who will be called upon to pay the subsidies on the other, and the campaign contributors won.

These are a few illustrations of the record they have made so far, and they are not done yet. It is a record that Democrats, viewing it from a party standpoint, may rejoice in for it means trouble for the Republican party.

HOW CAN IT DO IT?

There is little doubt that a vast majority of the American people sympathize with the Boers in their heroic defence of their country against the British invaders, and there is as little doubt, too, that if our Government had not been so tangled up by the assumed friendship between this country and Great Britain, this sympathy would long ago have found expression in some declaration of Congress.

While the fact that the recent resolutions, adopted by the Democratic Congressional caucus in Washington, emanated from a Democratic caucus, and therefore have a partisan coloring, may prevent a general response from the people, they express the popular sentiment all the same.

But how could Congress pass a resolution of sympathy with the Boers? How could it ask the British Government to end the war by some honorable adjustment of the dispute? If we had no war on our hands in the Philippines Congress might do that and possibly might have done it before this but we have by the course of the party which has been waging war upon the Filipinos estopped ourselves from consistently making any plea for the Boers, or of even indirectly condemning British methods in the prosecution of that war. The Filipinos are fighting invaders just as the Boers are; they are contending for territorial soverignty and self rule just as the Boers are, and they are just as much entitled to territorial sovereignty and self rule as the Boers are. But in addition to this our military representatives who are carrying out the Washington policy in the Philippines have adopted British methods pursued in South Africa, thereby virtually endorsing those methods.

If such a resolution were adopted by Congress, if the British Government paid any attention to it, it might simply tell Congress to look to the Philippines and set its own house in order before it undertook to tell Great Britain or any other power how it should manage its domestic affairs.

The resolution will not be adopted, of course, for if there were no other reason for not adopting it, the Republican majority in Congress would not so stultify itself.

The Charleston Exposition edition issued on the 16th inst. by the Raleigh *News and Observer* is a superb number. In its sixteen illustrated pages bearing upon and descriptive of the Exposition it gives a vast amount of information which will be very useful to persons contemplating visiting it, as it presents an advance view which will greatly aid the visitor in studying it to advantage. The gentlemen who did the work deserve much credit for the cleverness with which they did it and the *News and Observer* for its enterprise.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

IS THE BALL TO REOPEN?

China still figures in the dispatches as the prospective theatre in which there may be some pretty stirring drama enacted in the near future. A formidable and spreading rebellion; alliance between England and Japan, and a counter alliance between Russia and France, indicate anything but a solution of the Chinese problem. When this rebellion broke out it was intimated that it was encouraged by France, and it is not at all improbable that Russia has a paw in the pie, too. Neither of these—and for that matter none of the Governments which have recently figured in the Chinese racket—has any respect for the so-called government of China, which is a mere automaton, put up to be knocked down when it suits the pleasure or the interest of any power strong enough to do the knocking.

Under the restrictions put upon China in the terms imposed by the allied Powers, before they relaxed their grip on Pekin, the Government of China is practically powerless to protect itself against any formidable rebellion and the people who may be loyal to it have little heart to rally to its support, for they don't know how soon it and they might be at the mercy of the victorious rebels, and they have no long head like that of Li Hung Chang to help them in emergencies, or to play the diplomatic game with the Powers.

That's about the situation now. China is still a field for exploit. Having begun the exploiting business and found how easy it is the appetite of the exploiters has been whetted for more. They have all gobbled something, but Russia the biggest slice, which she proposes to hold on to and grab for more. The alliance between England and Japan may precipitate the grabbing instead of preventing it. In the meantime there is a formidable and growing rebellion which may furnish a pretext for resuming the grabbing.

Some cows have no more sense about what they eat than some people. One in New York became troubled with dyspepsia, and the owner thought the cheapest way to cure her was to kill her. An autopsy revealed the fact that she had been feeding on scrap iron, staples, nails, &c. A 10-penny nail was crowded so hard that it worked through the walls of her stomach and did the work for her.

It is estimated that the orange crop of California will be from 25 to 50 per cent. short this season as compared with that of last season, but the prices are from 25 to 50 per cent higher on the box, so that the growers are not hit very hard.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— A Grange representing 2,000 farmers of Onondaga County, has adopted a resolution in favor of reciprocity with Cuba; but the Republicans in Congress representing the Beet Sugar Trust continue to fight against it.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— It is said that the Rev. Baker P. Lee, of Kentucky, who has been offered the pulpit of Grace Episcopal church, Chicago, at a salary of $15,000 per year, does exactly as he pleases. He probably also allows his parshioners to do the same thing, which would account for the size of his salary.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— From a careful reading of the New Orleans newpapers we gather that protection for sugar is or ought to be the paramount plank in the democratic platform. Reciprocity is all right when it affects those things not the product of the beet and sugar cane. It's about time for Senator Carmack to make some remarks about the quality of the democracy of the Louisiana sugar planters.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

—— If Senator Hanna can play for the support of organized labor so also can President Roosevelt. In dropping Mr. Powderly, who has lost his hold upon the labor unions, and putting Mr. Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Fireman, in his place there is a very neat counter for the Ohio statesman's tactics. If the change in the Immigration Bureau shall put its administration upon a broader gauge of public usefulness there will be cause for thankfulness.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Billiousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache and drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice and work wonders. Try them. 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

Recovered Speech and Hearing.

Messrs. ELY BRO:—I commenced using your Cream Balm about two years ago for catarrh. My voice was somewhat thick and my hearing dull. My hearing has been fully restored and my speech has become quite clear. I am a teacher in our town.

L. B. BROWN, Granger, O.

No comment is needed. Trial size 10 cts. Full size 50c. Ask your druggist. We mail it.

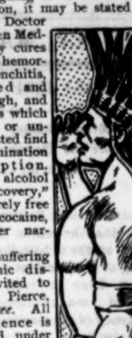
ELY BROS.,
56 Warren St., New York.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Consumption

Is a disease of civilization. When the Indian was a stranger to the white man he had no name in his vocabulary for this dreaded malady.



Without arguing as to the curability of consumption, it may be stated positively that Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures weak lungs, hemorrhages, bronchitis, deep-seated and stubborn cough, and other diseases which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption. There is no alcohol in the "Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

Persons suffering from chronic disease are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is conducted under the seal of sacred secrecy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little over thirty years, Dr. Pierce, assisted by his medical staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured thousands of men and women who had been given up as incurable by local physicians.

"Your medicine is the best I have ever taken," writes Mrs. Jennie Dingman, of Rapid City, Kalkaska Co., Mich. "Last spring I had a bad cough; got so bad I had to be in bed all the time. My husband thought I had consumption. He wanted me to get a doctor, but thought we would try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and before I had taken one bottle the cough stopped and I have since had no sign of its returning."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: We have just received the sad news, as we go to press, of the death of Mr. Edmund Pemberton, a nephew of Dr. H. W. Lilly. He died suddenly at Chapel Hill this (Wednesday) afternoon.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Mr. L. T. Leo died in a sudden manner in Chinquapin township in Jones county, yesterday. He was doing some ceiling work, when he suddenly became ill, and a negro who was working with him caught him as he was falling. He exclaimed! "I am done, I am paralyzed." These were the last words he spoke.

— Wilson *News*: Monday afternoon at the oil mill a negro boy about eight years old, while playing in the seed house, was caught by the seed conveyor, which pulled him in feet first, causing the conveyor to choke, which threw off the belt. Upon investigation the boy was found. One of his legs was so badly mangled that it had to be taken off, the other leg was broken. It is thought that he will live. He is the son of Jordan Taylor.

— Greensboro *Record*: Revenue Agent A. C. Patterson left last Monday night for an official business trip to Asheville. He reports that within the past three or four days a number of important seizures have been made, among them being a big government distillery belonging to A. A. Cody located near Salisbury, one near Benson belonging to a man named Holmes, also three or four illicit distilleries, two of which were in Transylvania county and three near Staley in Randolph county. The revenue officers also made some captures in Forsyth county last week.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The sudden death of Mrs Kate Edgerton Thompson occurred of heart failure at her home in this city Tuesday morning, aged 35 years. —— Mr Louis Godwin, county surveyor, has been doubly bereaved within one week. On Sunday, the 9th inst., his 17-year old daughter Sudie died after a nine days' illness of pneumonia, and on Saturday morning, the 15th, his wife succumbed to the same disease, in the 48th year of her age. —— Our farmers are anything but smiles these days. They are already badly behind and the weather keeps such that they can't help themselves. —— While fooling with a supposed unloaded pistol Saturday night at Mount Olive, Newberry Gregory, colored, accidentally shot Dave Walker, also colored, in the eye, the ball lodging somewhere in the back part of the head. The wounded was doing well when last heard from, while Newberry skipped.

— Clinton *Democrat*: A ten-year-old girl of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Sanderlin, of Westbrook's township, met her death in a very unusual, as well as a very sad manner, on Thursday, March 13th. The mother and an older girl left this one and a still younger one in the house, while they went off some distance to a turnip patch, giving the two little ones instructions to go to a neighbor's house to stay till their return. It seems that the smallest girl of the two had gotten out in the yard, while the other fastened up the house and attempted to get out by a window, and as she went out, the sash fell, catching the child by the neck, thus leaving her hanging, where she was afterwards found dead, her neck supposed to have been broken. When found the younger child was pulling at her clothing, being too young to realize what had occurred.

— Whiteville *Press*: Messrs. O. F. Brown and M. H. Sweet, two commission men of Providence, R. I., have recently acquired lands adjoining Whiteville, which they intend to devote to the production of strawberries for their own market. The demand for berries has excelled the supply to their market and they have been reduced to the necessity of growing for themselves. Fifteen acres will be put in berries at once and the acreage increased to 200 in the future. —— Saturday night three men went to the house of one Renzie Davis, a white man who lives some two miles from town, and called him out to the woods and gave him a severe and probably justly deserved beating. Davis had been accused of ill-treating his wife who is in a critical condition of health, and of trying to poison her with drugs. Davis has left for parts unknown.

A Fireman's Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and after taking it I felt as well I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 50 cents. †

DUCRO'S
Alimentary
ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

TWINKLINGS

— Hook—What's the matter with Scribbler's new play? Doesn't it draw? Nye—No; it drags.—*Philadelphia Record*

— Teacher—Tommy, what would you say, that a man lies easy or lies easily? Tommy—Who's de man in de case—*Life*.

—"Now, Johnny," said the teacher of civil government, "you may tell me who presides over the Senate." Frenzied Chorus—"De referee, mum." —*Baltimore News*.

— Patience—A girl takes great chances on her first proposal of marriage. Patrice—Do you mean if she accepts or declines it? Either way.—*Yonkers Statesman*.

— Hobbs—One half the world doesn't know how the other half lives. Dobbs—Oh! Well, that's balanced; one half the world doesn't know how the other half talks.

— Father—What are your prospects? Suitor—I have suits pending against the tunnel, subway and hotel managers, and four automobile owners.—Father—Take her, my boy, and be happy.—*New York Sun*.

— Rusty Rufus—De lady in de next house give me a piece of home made cake. Won't you give me somethin', too? Mrs. Spiteful—Certainly! Here's a pepsin tablet.—*Judge*.

— The Artist—It is said that genius is merely an infinite capacity for taking pains. The Fourth Party (to himself)—H'm! And conceit is an infinite capacity for giving 'em!—*Puck*.

— Mrs. Midford—What do you think of this vivisection question? It must be awful to be cut up alive. Mrs. Graham—Yes, and it is awful to be cut dead, as I was by one of my dearest friends last evening.—*Boston Transcript*.

— "I found eighteen umbrellas in the church yesterday," said the sexton to the minister the day after a rainy Sunday. "Oh, well," said the dominie, "take them to my study; they are probably intended as contributions to the conscience fund."—*Yonkers Statesman*.

— "My," exclaimed the good-natured house-keeper as she watched Weary Wraggles devour the food, "you certainly do act as if you were hungry." "Act!" he cried, between bites. "Gee whizz, lady, don't you know de diff'rence between actin' an' de real t'ing?"—*Philadelphia Press*.

— "Two dollars to Forty-second street? How far away is it?" "Oh! It's some distance from here." "It is, eh? I paid a cabman $2 to go some wheres in New York wunst an' he got there almost as soon as he got the $2." —*Puck*.

— Young Lady—A friend of mine is engaged to a man and now he refuses to marry her. What would you advise her to do? Old Lawyer—Is the man wealthy? Young Lady—No; he hasn't a shilling. Old Lawyer—Then I'd advise her to write him a nice letter of thanks.—*Tit-Bits*.

— Housekeeper—Ice will be very cheap next summer, won't it? Iceman—Well, I don't know, mum. You see we've got a good deal of dear ice left over from the year before, and we'll have to sell that first, because it might spoil, you know, and I'm afraid by the time the old stock is gone the cheap ice will all be melted.—*Ex.*

RAILWAY RUMBLES.

Our miles of railroad track exceed by more than 10,000 all the tracks of Europe.

The Dominion of Canada has granted $88,884,557 and 39,725,130 acres of land to railways.

More than 45,000,000 passengers a year go through the North Union and South Union stations in Boston.

In most European railways the principal difference between second class and first class lies in the color of the seat cushions, first class being usually red, second class gray.

The average cost of the body of a modern long electric car is $2,000, the average price of a set of double trucks for such a car is $600, and the average cost of the motor is $1,500, making the total cost of the car $4,100.

Some of the Austrian railways have followed the German custom of selling numbered seats in the cars of fast trains, both first and second class. An extra charge of from about 25 to 50 cents is made for these seats, according to distance.

The other day, just as a train was about to leave Kutas, in Hungary, for Palfalva, an official appeared and put seals on the wheels of the engine. The passengers had to get off and walk. The company was 296 crowns in arrears in payment of taxes. Next day the taxes were paid, and the train proceeded.

THREE TALL STORIES.

Incidents With Endings Contrary to All Human Experience.

"I have got just $3,000 to spend in building a house," said the confiding man who had dropped into the office of the architect, "and I want you to draw me the plans for a good two story frame dwelling that can be built for that sum, counting materials, work and all."

So the architect drew the plans and specifications for a $3,000 house, and the man subsequently built it for that sum, with $6.37 to spare, which he spent in giving the architect a dinner at a down town restaurant.

A woman awoke in the middle of the night with a shriek.

"John," she cried to her husband, "my sister Jane is dead! I know it! I have just had a frightfully vivid dream about her."

But her husband quieted her, and presently she went to sleep, her cheeks still wet with tears.

Then he noted the exact hour at which his wife had had her dream.

The next day, as can be verified by anybody who is skeptical, no messenger of any sort came with a telegram containing the sad news of the death of her sister Jane, who, at last accounts, was still alive and well.

"Curses on my folly!" suddenly exclaimed Mr. Jrobinson when about half way down town.

It was a beautiful day, and there was not a cloud in the sky.

He had donned his high silk hat and forgotten his umbrella.

Still—mark the statement—it did not rain.

In fact, it didn't rain for nearly two weeks after that.—Chicago Tribune.

DR. PIERCE'S
FAVORITE
PRESCRIPTION
FOR WEAK WOMEN.

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Wise Women Use The Great Spring Medicine

Paine's Celery Compound

It is the Only Remedy That Can Provide for the Increase of Red Corpuscles in the Blood.

From every section of the land, from Maine to California, strong and well attested reports of women, bloodless, nervous, dyspeptic, neuralgic, rheumatic, and run down, and in many cases so weak as to be bedridden, who have been enabled to resume their places in the family and in social life, enjoy health, vigor, and true happiness, all through the aid of that great blood purifier, blood maker, and health giver, Paine's Celery Compound.

When Paine's Celery Compound is used, the rapid change in color, flesh, and expression of the face is so marked and observable, that repair of the wasted tissues might well be called a renewal of life.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that can effectively increase the proportion of red corpuscles in the blood; this is a source of power over all blood diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and liver troubles, dyspepsia, indigestion, and general run down condition.

Mrs. Martha P. Lunceford, a well known and popular lady of Crawfordsville, Ga., grateful for her cure by Paine's Celery Compound, sends the following letter for the benefit of all suffering women:—

"I think it is my duty to let you know about the wonderful work Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I have been sick for the past fifteen or twenty years with dyspepsia, heart and stomach trouble, and rheumatism, and so many diseases that I can't mention them all.

"As for sleep, I didn't know what it was to have a good night's sleep, and would roll and tumble and sit up in bed half the night. The second night I took Paine's Celery Compound, I went to bed and slept all night. You don't know how much better I felt in the morning. I have not lost a night's sleep since I have been taking Paine's Celery Compound. I don't know in what words to thank you for Paine's Celery Compound. It is worth its weight in gold."

BEWARE of imitations of Diamond Dyes. Ask for and take only Diamond.

Her Omelet.

"My dear," said the meek Mr. Newliwed, "I don't like to complain, but this omelet you made"—

"What's the matter with it?" she inquired.

"Well—er—it's rather hard to cut it, and"—

"Gracious! I was afraid that man would send me tough eggs. I'll stop dealing with him."—Glasgow Evening Times.

Learned by Failure.

"Fortunately I failed to win the prize," the historian Freeman once said, referring to an Oxford essay on the Norman conquest. "Had I won it I should have flattered myself I knew all about the subject. As it was I went on and learned something about it." The "something" is set forth on one of the greatest monuments of English historical scholarship.

"Pin Money."

When pins were first invented in the fourteenth century, the maker was allowed to sell them on Jan. 1 and 2 only, and upon these days the women flocked to buy them. They were so expensive that it was customary to give as a wedding present a certain sum of money to be used as "pin money;" hence the term.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	@	6¼
Standard	@	7¼
Burlaps	6 @	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12½ @	14
Sides ℔ ℔	10 @	10½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9 @	9½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	9½ @	9½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9 @	9¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine		
Second-hand, each	1 35 @	1 85
Second-hand machine	1 35 @	1 35
New New York, each	@	1 35
New City, each	@	1 35
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15 @	18
Northern	22 @	28
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	78 @	80
Virginia Meal	@	80
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	1 10
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	11 @	12½
Rio	8 @	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s	@	0
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75 @	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7,00 @	7 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	6 @	10
" Extra	4 00 @	5 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	3 50 @	3 75
Choice	3 75 @	4 00
Straight	3 85 @	4 50
First Patent	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	8 @	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	83 @	85
Mixed Corn	@	82½
Oats, from store (mixed)	60 @	62½
Oats, Rust Proof	75 @	80
Cow Peas	1 30 @	1 30
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted	4 @	5
Dry flint	10 @	11
Dry salt	9 @	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		
No 1 Timothy	95 @	1 00
Rice Straw	50 @	60
N. C. Crop	75 @	80
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2½ @	3
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	12½ @	14
Dairy Cream	12 @	13½
Half cream	10 @	12½
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	8½ @	12½
North Carolina	10 @	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10 @	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	18 50
Rump	@	18 50
Prime	@	17 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	1 25
Liverpool	@	90
American	@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50 @	60
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	@	5 00
Standard A	@	4¾
White Extra C	4½ @	4¾
Extra C, Golden	@	4¾
C Yellow	@	4
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29 @	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	30 @	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	17 @	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35 @	2 45
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½ @	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @	9 00
Common mill	4 00 @	5 00
Fair mill	5 00 @	6 50
Prime mill	6 50 @	7 50
Extra mill	8 00 @	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	6 95 @	7 00
" Sap	5 50 @	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50 @	4 00
" Sap	2 50 @	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00 @	2 10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, March 20.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Sales after 4 P M. at 46c per gallon for machine made casks and 45c per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market quiet at $1 15 per barrel for strained and $1.20 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.85 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet at 34@33½c; rosin nothing doing; tar steady at $1.15; crude turpentine quiet at $1.30 @2.30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	36
Rosin	175
Tar	686
Crude turpentine	51

Receipts same day last year—15 casks spirits turpentine, 544 barrels rosin, 194 barrels tar, 57 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6¼	cts. ℔ ℔
Good ordinary	7⅝	" "
Low middling	8¼	" "
Middling	8⅝	" "
Good middling	8 15-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 8¼c for middling.

Receipts—17 bales; same day last year, 328

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 75@80c.

CORN—Firm: 76@80c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11@15c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Dull at 10½@11c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 15@25c; springs, 10@15c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@15c; live, 10@11c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 70@75c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Money on call was firm at 4@5 per cent., closing, bid and asked, at 3½@4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487⅝ for demand and at 485 for sixty days. Posted rates were 486 and 488½. Commercial bills 484¾@485⅜. Bar silver 53⅞. Mexican dollars 43¼. Government bonds steady. State bonds were steady. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109¼; U. S. 3's, registered, 109¼; do. coupon, 109¼. U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do. coupon 139¼; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 111; do. coupon, 112; U. S. 5's registered, 106; do. coupon, 106; Southern Railway, 5's, 122. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 106⅜; Chesapeake & Ohio 45⅝; Manhattan L 134⅝; New York Central 163; Reading 56; do. 1st preferred 80⅜; do. 2nd preferred 67⅞; St. Paul 165; do. pref'd, 190; Southern Railway 32⅛; do. pref'd 96⅜; Amalgamated Copper 64; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 102⅛; Sugar 131⅛; Tennessee Coal and Iron 71⅞; U. S. Leather 11⅛; do. pref'd, 81; Western Union 90; U. S. Steel 42⅜; do. preferred 94⅝; Mexican National 19¼; American Locomotive 31⅞; do. preferred 93⅝; Standard Oil 630@640. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 68; do. preferred, 129¼.

BALTIMORE, March 20—Seaboard Air Line, common, 24¼@24½; do. preferred, 44¼@44½; do. 4s 84¼@85.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, March 20.—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, March 20.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 47c; receipts 136 casks; sales 141 casks; exports 684 casks. Rosin steady; receipts 819 barrels; sales 611 barrels; exports 1,658 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 30; E, $1 35; F, $1 40; G, $1 45; H, $1 50; I, $1 75; K $2 45; M, $2 85; N, $3 25; W G, $3 60; W W, $3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The cotton market opened easy in tone, with prices two to three points lower, and during the rest of the morning was weak under tremendous liquidation and bear selling. A prominent commission house, believed to be acting for Western longs, sold out between 40,000 and 50,000 bales July within fifteen minutes, under which that option broke from 8 86 to 8 80. The rest of the list went off in proportion, though March and April continued to hold a firm relation to the later months on scattering demand from spot cotton interests. Disappointing English market news started the selling movement though the recent "tired" appearance of the market undoubtedly prompted the precipitate liquidation for Western accounts. On the break room shorts scrambled for profits and conservative traders bought on the reaction theory. Yet public buying did not figure as a feature at the lower prices to the extent expected. While July later rallied to 8.86 the market failed to display positive strength and was very sensitive to selling orders from any quarter. Light port receipts for the day and very light estimates for to-morrow's New Orleans and Houston receipts received but passing notice. Nor did clearances for export which reached several thousand bales more than total port receipts. Modified estimates for the week's "in sight" were equally unpopular and to the last sentiment was bearish. At the close the market was quiet and steady, with prices net unchanged to five points lower. Total sales were estimated at 250,000 bales.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Cotton quiet at 9⅛c; net receipts 564 bales; gross receipts 6,624 bales; stock 171,667 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 9⅛c; middling gulf 9⅜c; sales 1,126 bales.

Futures closed quiet and steady: March 8.93, April 8 90, May 8 81, June 8 84, July 8 88, August 8 65, September 8.27, October 8.09, November 7.90, December 7.99.

Total to-day—Net receipts 17,103 bales; exports to Great Britain 12,431 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 8,967 bales; stock 724,766 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 87,409 bales; exports to Great Britain 33,486 bales; exports to the Continent 37,599 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,795,269 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,640,589 bales; exports to France 640,795 bales; exports to the Continent 2,159,487 bales.

March 20—Galveston, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 3,294 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8⅞c, net receipts 865 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 9⅛c, net receipts 191 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 17 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9⅜c, net receipts 211 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 2,798 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8 9-16c, net receipts 3,843 bales; Mobile, nominal at 8 11-16c, net receipts 9 bales; Memphis, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 1,283 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8 13-16c, net receipts 337 bales; Charleston, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 7 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Flour was less active and easier, closing steadier with wheat; Minnesota patents $3 75@4 00; Winter patents $3 90@4 25. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 86c. Options closed firm at unchanged quotations: March closed 79⅝c; May closed 80c; July closed 80⅛c; September 79⅜c. Corn—Spot steady. Options closed firm at ⅛@⅜c net decline. The sales included: May closed 66⅜c; July closed 65⅛c; September 63⅞c. Oats—Spot easier; No. 2 48½@49. Options were weak early and rallied later with other grains. Lard firmer; Western steam $9 75@9 80; refined firm; continent $10 00; South American $10 50; compound 7⅞@8. Cheese firm; State full cream, small early made fancy colored 13@13½c; white 13@13½. Butter—steady; creamery 23@30c; State dairy 22@28c. Eggs easier; State and Pennsylvania 16½c; Southern at mark 16@16½c. Potatoes quiet; New York, fair to prime in sack, $2 15@2 25; Jersey sweets, $3 50@5 00. Cabbage dull; State, barrel crate $1@1 12. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 4½c; other domestic 3@4½c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12½. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 5 1-16, mild quiet; Cordova 8@12c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 2 15-16c; centrifugal 96 test, 3 7-16c; refined steady. Pork firm. Tallow dull. Rice steady. Cotton seed oil was fairly active and firm at the old quotations: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 33½@34½c; prime summer yellow 42@42½c; off summer yellow 41½@42c; prime white 44@45c; prime winter yellow 45@46c; prime meal $28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Grain markets followed a nervous and erratic course to-day. Speculators were adverse to the consideration of anything but weather reports, and these being abundantly bearish, prices slid downward until wheat seemed to have arrived at an export basis. Large sales on the decline revived the dormant bull sentiment and helped other pits sympathetically. At the close May wheat was a shade higher, May corn ⅛c lower and May oats ⅛c lower. Provisions closed 5 to 10c higher.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Cash prices: Flour—Market was easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 70½c; No. 2 red 80½@82c. Corn—No. 2 —c; No. 2 yellow —c. Oats—No. 2 43@43½c; No. 2 white 44½@47c; No. 3 white 43@45c. Mess pork, per barrel, $15 35@15 40. Lard, per 100 lbs., $9 35@9 37½. Short rib sides, loose, $8 00@8 55. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 12½@7 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 90@9 00. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, 1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May 73¾@74, 74¼, 73¼, 74½@74¼c; July 74¼@74⅞, 75, 74⅛, 75c; September 74¼@74⅜, 74⅞, 74⅛, 74⅞c. Corn—No. 2, May 61@61¼, 61¼, 60⅜, 60⅞@61c; July 60⅛@60⅜, 60⅞, 60⅛, 60⅜c; September 58⅞@59, 59, 58⅛, 58⅞. Oats—May 43¼43⅛, 43⅝, 43⅛, 43⅛c; July 35⅛, 35⅜, 35, 35⅛@35⅝c; September 29⅞, 30, 29⅛, 29⅞c. Mess pork, per bbl—May $15 42½, 15 52½, 15 42½, 15 32½; July $15 60, 15 67, 15 60, 15 67½. Lard per 100 lbs—May $9 42½, 9 45, 9 42½, 9 45; July $9 52½, 9 55, 9 52½, 9 55; September $9 65, 9 65, 9 65 9 65. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $8 45 8 50, 8 45 8 50; July $8 57½, 8 62½, 8 60, 8 62½; September $8 72½, 8 75, 8 70, 8 75.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 20.—Cotton: Spot fair demand, prices 1-32d lower; American middling fair 5 7-32d; good middling 4 15-16d; middling 5 13-16d; low middling 4 23-32d; good ordinary 4 19-32d; ordinary 4 11-32d. The sales of the day were 14,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 11,700 bales American. Receipts 10,000 bales, including 9,900 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed easy; American middling (g. o. c.) March 4 46-64d seller; March and April 4 46-64d seller; April and May 4 46-64d buyer; May and June 4 46-64@4 47-64d buyer; June and July 4 47-64d buyer; July and August 4 47-64d seller; August and September 4 43-64d seller; September and October 4 33-64d buyer; October and November 4 28-64d value; November and December 4 25-64@4 26-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

CLEARED.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Steamer Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 21

SCHOONERS.

Nellie Floyd, 434 tons, Nielsen, Heide & Co.

Annie Ainslie, 250 tons, Strout, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Albert T Stearns, 508 tons, Bunker, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Harold J McCarty, 297 tons, Foster, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Olive Thurlow, 577 tons, Hays, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—4 bales cotton, 10 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels rosin, 170 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—4 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 16 barrels rosin, 21 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 70 barrels tar.

Steamer Highlander—4 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 43 barrels rosin, 340 barrels tar, 24 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—8 casks spirits turpentine, 74 barrels rosin, 51 barrels tar.

Schooner Leah—3 casks spirits turpentine, 15 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar.

Schooner Clarence H—3 casks spirits turpentine, 10 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar.

Total—17 bales cotton, 36 casks spirits turpentine, 175 barrels rosin, 686 barrels tar, 51 barrels crude turpentine.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

WHAT IS THE MAN AFRAID OF?

FRENCH'S SHOES ARE THE BEST SHOES!

So everybody says, and what everybody says must be true.

We want you and your family to give us a fair trial, and you will be among the many to vouch for the same.

Our $3.00 Men's Shoes

Are the best on earth for the money. Come see.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

feb 23 tf

Just Received

The largest lot SAILOR HATS ever brought to the City. These Hats were a sample lot. Actual value $1.00 to $2.00.

Special Price This Week 75 Cents.

Come early and take your choice.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

mar 16 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.

Condensed report of condition

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C., February 25, 1902.

Assets.		Liabilities.	
Loans	$1,000,791 42	Capital	$ 125,000 00
U. S. Bonds	268,900 00	Surplus, etc	121,950 66
Real Estate	33,000 00	Circulation	95,100 00
Cash on hand and in Banks	453,428 50	Deposits	1,414,069 26
	$1,756,119 92		$1,756,119 92

Extra dividend of 50 per cent. paid January 15, 1902.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier. J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier

mar 9 tf

A Bank For All Classes.

We make an earnest effort to accommodate all classes. Our aim is to make this in every respect the People's Bank; where all may feel at home; a place where those of moderate means may expect the same treatment as those more favorably situated.

If you are not already a depositor at this Bank, now is a good time to become one. Our regular interest quarter begins April 1st, money deposited now will draw 4 per cent. from that date, compounded in three months.

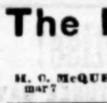
The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.

mar 7 F. W. DICK, Cashier.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS



They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

mar 20 tf Sold by J. C. SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.

Best Cream Cheese,

Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,

Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

ICE CREAM.

I would be glad to serve my old customers and new ones.

GIVE ME YOUR ORDER FOR SUNDAYS.

Will serve you with the very best pure ICE CREAM $1.00 per gallon delivered.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

Bell 'Phone 680 mar 15 tf

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

THE

Easter Number OF THE New York Herald OF 1902

Will be published SUNDAY, MARCH 23.

The reading public looks forward with pleasure to the . . . . **Herald's Special Numbers**

The EASTER HERALD of 1902 will be a literary treat.

DON'T MISS IT!

mar 19 3t

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

HINDOO'S MONUMENT TO HIS WIFE.

The Most Costly Thing of Its Kind In the World.

To go to India and not see the wonderful Taj Mahal at Agra would be as great a sacrilege as going to Egypt and missing the pyramids. Agra is a small place about midway on a line drawn from Calcutta to Bombay. The English officers who have to spend the summer there lie in bed all day, with coolies to fan them and pull the "punka." Therefore I was constrained to do my sightseeing at night. It was the time of the full moon, which in India means a grand illumination, a light excellent by which to read.

After a three mile drive over an excellent macadamized road my "gharriwallah" turned into a large courtyard, which was surrounded with temples built of red sandstone. These temples would be first class wonders anywhere else, but anxious to see the "pearl of the orient" I started up the steps and through the great red doorway, only to stop in amazement at the inner doorway at my first view of the Taj Mahal. The moonlight struck full on its pearly dome and threw into violent relief the slim minarets at its corners. In front was the water in the score of fountains, giving forth its own reflections of the beautiful marble masterpiece, and all around the somber, dense tropical foliage for a setting.

The harmony of the proportions makes the Taj Mahal look small. Yet it took 20,000 workmen twenty years to complete it, and it cost about $10,000,000. Standing in its superb doorway I found it would take seven men placed one upon the other to reach the top of this doorway. There are no windows—only marvelous screens cut in the forms of intertwining vines and flowers and out of immense marble slabs. Even in the center, where the great sarcophagi lie in which the builder and his wife are resting, the decorations are of marble inlaid with precious stones. The inscriptions are of black marble inlaid on white. And the moonlight obliterated the grain and the seams in the marble with its sheen, and it was as though this monument to a faithful wife was one piece of dazzling whiteness.

Though centuries have passed its perfection is as grand at this time as when first built. Even under the sunlight the next day, when it was not so much a thing ethereal, no signs of decay were apparent. It seems that this tribute of the goodness of a great Indian monarch to his loving wife will stand for ages, telling how one Hindoo had been faithful to his love and had raised her up to a pedestal above him in a country where womankind is but a slave.—Indianapolis News.

STREET SIGNS IN MOSCOW.

Painted Reproductions of the Goods Sold Within the Shops.

There is one custom in St. Petersburg, holding all over Russia, so droll that all foreigners laugh at it. The shopholders have huge signs over the miserable peepholes they call windows, and these signs are painted with the reproduction of the wares that are in the shops. This was formerly a great convenience to those who could not read, and even at the present day was not too much ridiculed by myself.

One would get along famously in Russia could he read the jaw breaking tongue, but the letters in some fronts and street corners look like the signs of the zodiac to the average foreigner and do not mean as much. If one could read and form an idea of syllables, the veriest idiot would have a passable knowledge of sufficient traveling Russia in a month. But the language bars you out and bowls you over, because perforce you do not know the fifty-two letters that resemble tripods and crescents and scarfpins and inverted r's and other things. So the signs do very well.

For example, a dairy will have a demonstration on each side of the door, where a cow will stand, flanked by a couple of tubs of butter and leaning against a background of cheeses, while glasses of foaming milk stand temptingly round. I was going to say that a pile of eggs was another feature, but never unless the hen who is responsible for them is portrayed loudly clucking over their freshness. In spite of this, I never ate a fresh egg in St. Petersburg. A fur shop will have a most fascinating array of fur lined garments and sealskin coats painted on its doors that will almost tear you out of your droshky, and the fruit stores riot with every color in the rainbow and exhibit likenesses of fruits that have never grown in Russia or anywhere else. And peaches, by the way, and nectarines of good, sweet growth are about 50 cents apiece here.

The signs lend great color and gayety to the streets, although you really never care to buy anything. The goods are all very mussy and cheap, and the famous Russian silver not nearly so artistic nor so handsome as our own. In leather and in marble this northern people excel the world.—Chicago Chronicle.

A Correction.

The Intelligent Foreigner—In your president's cabinet the secretary of the navy is subordinate to the secretary of war, is he not?

"By no means. He is of equal authority."

"How is that? When you have war your navy takes part in it, does it not?"

"Yes."

"And the secretary of war cannot direct its movements?"

"Not at all. He looks after the land forces."

"Ah, I see. You have really no secretary of war. You have a secretary of the navy and a secretary of the army."—Chicago Tribune.

Women In Street Cars.

One way in which women show a self conscious timidity which calls upon them many uncomplimentary remarks is in finding a seat. A woman enters a closed car, grabs the first strap at hand and does not look around or move until in case of a crowd she is pushed along. Frequently one or two women will stand in one end of a car, with two or three seats vacant in the other, and unless some one takes the trouble to tell them or a courteous man gives up his seat at the lower end to take a vacant one at the other they continue to stand. Often a man will look up from his paper, see the woman standing before him, look up to the other end of the car with the vacant seats and then back to his paper again with a disgusted air which says plainly:

"Well, if that woman doesn't know enough to take a seat when it is vacant she will not get one from me."

It is annoying to travel in the street cars and be hustled and jostled by all classes of people, but as long as the larger proportions of the women are obliged to do it they had better face the necessity with all the good sense they can muster. —New York Times.

Monotonous Voice Tones.

In everyday life most persons use one note in speaking. It is very irritating, just as annoying as would be the use of one note on a piano. No matter how beautiful the tone, the incessant employment of one note in the scale is unendurable. The brain shrinks from all monotony. If you listen to voices that are otherwise beautiful and catch the one note tone, you will be affected just as you would be listening to a musical instrument that gives sound in one note. Its beauty of tone does not save it from condemnation. The habits of life lead persons to the use of a monotonous pitch. Now couple the high pitch that drives many a member of the household out of the home in search of relief through pleasures obtained elsewhere. — Good Housekeeping.

Dodging the Torture.

Jones—Why haven't you been around? You've been promising to call for more than a year. Come, now, say when you will come.

Johnson—Fact is I'm so busy that I can't say when—

Jones—Nonsense! By the way, my daughter is going to take piano lessons; going to begin next week.

Johnson—I'll call tonight. — Boston Transcript.

"TOILER, CANST THOU DREAM?"

Toiler, canst thou dream
At the seam, at the plow?
Higher heritage than kings
Hast thou.

Canst thou read in star or weed,
Answer to thy heart's deep cry?
Gold nor gem nor love's own crown
So satisfy.

Toiler, canst thou wait,
Through the storm black hour, elate,
Ruler of thy recreant will,
Dominant of fate?

Toiler, canst thou trust?
From the dust stand and tell,
Though the tears come streaming, all—
All is well!

—Lulu W. Mitchell in Century.

THE VALUE OF PAIN.

It Calls Attention to the Fact That Disease Exists.

Pain is not disease; it is a symptom calling attention to the fact that disease exists. We do not remove the disease by stopping the pain.

Headaches usually arise from disturbances in digestion, due to overeating, eating freely of soft foods, too much of a variety at meals, etc. Fermentation and decay of the foods with the formation of poisons and irritants result. The danger is reported at headquarters. The thing to do is to heed the voice of the faithful sentinel, assist nature to get rid of the impurities generated, either by washing out the stomach, drinking freely of water, fasting for a day, by vigorous exercise or eliminative baths. Recognize in the pain the voice of a friend calling attention to the fact that we have done wrong and resolve never to violate the laws of health on this point again. In a day or so the transgressor would feel well and would be able to keep from getting into the same or a worse condition by avoiding the causes.

This is not the way these symptoms are usually treated. Pain is looked upon as an enemy, not as the voice of a friend. The sick one goes to a physician and demands something that will stupefy or paralyze the nerves—the pain must stop at once. He is given an opiate; the pain stops; the food still keeps on decaying in the stomach; he imagines he is well. The disease still exists; the symptom alone has been removed. The faithful sentinel has been knocked down. The means of telegraphic communication to headquarters have been severed. The enemy has his own way and is able to go ahead undisturbed in his destructive work. The watchers are asleep under an anæsthetic or opiate. The enemy enters the camp. Poisons that are generated in the stomach through errors in diet overwork and irritate the liver, the lungs and kidneys, through which they are eliminated, and finally result in Bright's disease, or the lungs, being weakened, are not able to resist the germs of disease that are inhaled. He falls a victim to tuberculosis and is now in a serious, if not an incurable, condition.

The only safe way is to study the human body and become familiar with the laws upon which health, happiness and life depend. Prevent pains, woe and sickness by avoiding their causes.—Life and Health.

A Lesson In Economy.

"Just charge it to me," said a man who had left an order with a merchant.

"No," said the merchant; "for your sake as well as for my own sake I will not give you credit. You are honest at heart and work hard all the time and intend to pay, but you have a habit of buying on credit and buy too much and cannot pay your bills. It would be a godsend to you if every one refused you credit. You are in debt up to your eyes, although your next door neighbor, whose salary is not as large as yours, has money in the bank simply because he refuses to buy things until he can pay for them in cash. I mean this kindly. Stop and reflect over the matter carefully."—Atchison Globe.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Charles Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed three $1 00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained fifty-eight pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50 cents and $1 00. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1 00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr. †

COFFEE.

Several grades which we offer to the trade at prices to suit the times. We also carry

Flour, Sugar, Cakes,

Candy, Cheese, Canned Goods of all kinds.

Snuff, Starch, Tobacco, Salt, Shot, Nails, Tea, Meal and Mullets.

Give us a call and see what we can do.

Williams Bros.

mar 5 tf

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,

New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

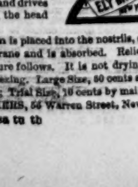
2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

au 28 tf

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

ian 21 tf sa tu th

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy

THE GRAND OPENING OF—

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

To Show Spring Millinery on

Thursday and Friday, March 20th and 21st.

Miss ALMA BROWN has spent three weeks in the Northern markets and the young ladies in the Store will have lots of beautiful things to show.

One hundred and fifty beautiful Pattern Hats that will sell from $2 to $15 each. We have them in all styles; the very latest goods that can be found—exact reproductions of the French patterns. We have a nice line of Pattern Hats, manufactured in the Northern cities, that are very fine.

In our Flower Department we have 500 dozen to show—any kind, any price. We have 25 styles to sell for 10c per bunch. Small flowers are being made this Spring—apple blossoms and June roses—we have them from 10c to 50c; handsome Silk Roses for 39c a bunch.

We have all grades of Fancy Trimming—Crowns, Braids, Jets, Buckles, etc. In these goods we have more of them than all the other stores in the city combined.

We have a full line of Parasols for Easter trade—for ladies, misses and children.

A beautiful line of Lace Curtains in new and up-to-date styles, from 42c to $2 a pair.

A handsome line of new Appliques for trimming.

In Boys' Clothing—In this department we have the nicest stock we have ever been able to show. Just received 500 handsome suits in all sizes. All prices from 75c to $5.00. For young men's Easter Suits and Pants and Hats, we are able to show you the handsomest line that can be found. In men's Pants we have 75 different styles from $1.00 to $5.00 a pair.

3,000 Men's Suits—everything that is new and desirable—all prices, all kinds.

Remember the opening days, Thursday and Friday, everybody welcome. 500 Souvenirs to give the ladies — each one that comes to see us.

Remember we trim all Hats free of charge when you buy the Hat and material from us.

A beautiful line of tucked Chiffon Hats that are very stylish for $1.48 each. All pattern Hats will be marked in plain figures so you can see what they are worth without asking. This is the people's store and every one is welcome that will come.

We have a full line Ladies, Misses and Children's Summer knit underwear and Ladies' Muslin Underwear. Also a full line of lace stripe Hosiery and new Dress Goods by the thousand.

Ladies' tailor-made Suits, Wrappers, Waists, Underskirts, Baby Caps, etc.

We promise to save you money and give you new and stylish goods. Two hundred ready trimmed street Hats for Ladies and Children worth 50c and 75c, my price 25c. Beautiful bunches of Apple Blossoms for 10c. Ladies' full size Undervests 3 for 10c.

Handsome lace stripe Hose for 15c. This store is filled with new goods. Come to see us.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, PROPRIETOR,

208 and 210 North Front Street,

mar 16 tf

It Is Never Good Policy to

Take Anything for Granted.

Hence I solicit your visits to my store when looking for the newest lines of every article kept in an up-to date

DRY GOODS STORE.

Probably in no place of business is there greater opportunity to exercise tact and please human nature than in the retail Dry Goods Store.

A pleased customer is one of the best advertisements. This is my object.

My counters and shelves are laden with the "smartest" things in both quality and styles.

The recent visit of my buyer to the Northern markets enables me to offer to the public a full line of

WHITE GOODS, MADRAS, PIQUES, ORGANDIES, LAWNS, DIMITIES.

Grenadene effects and Novelties.

Our Linen Department is complete and has never been surpassed in artistic patterns.

On our Second Floor you will find to select from a beautiful line of Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, Chinese Mattings, Japanese Mattings, Household Furnishings, Draperies and Corsets.

Agent for Butterick Patterns, Her Majesty Corsets, American Lady Corsets.

A. D. BROWN,

mar 16 tf No. 29 North Front Street.

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

Eureka Duplicator

For reproducing your Writings, Drawings or Typewriting. Copies do not curl or feel sticky. Contains neither glue nor gelatine. Always ready for use.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

mar16 tf 107 Market St.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta. New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect March 23.

TRAIN 39 — Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 — Leaves Charlotte 4:30 A. M., Hamlet at 7:37 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.35 p m	6.35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 15 a m	8.30 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	9.23 a m
Ar Chester	1.35 a m	9 45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	11.52 p m
Ar Athens	6.13 a m	2 18 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	8.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12.05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.05 a m	3 50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	5.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	2.00 a m	1.05 a m
Ar Norlina	3.50 a m	11.05 p m
Ar Portsmouth / Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.25 p m

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	8 35 a m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 20 a m	11 30 a m	11.00 a m
Ar Norlina	3.30 a m	1.35 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Petersburg	5 54 a m	4.07 p m	4.55 p m
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	4.55 p m	5 45 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	8.36 p m	9 30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.25 p m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6 30 a m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.20 p. m.; Norfolk 8 30 p. m.; Raleigh 3.35 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 6.20 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8 00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 4.50 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3 05 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 3.55 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 8.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.
W. H. PLEASANTS, Traffic Manager.
JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
mar 14 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup

This is no Lottery

Or Chance Scheme,

But it is a unique system by which service is paid for.

On Thursday, May 1st,

We will make three valuable presents to the three persons bringing us the greatest amount of trade as follows:

To the highest, first choice; 2nd highest, next choice; and to the 3rd highest, the third choice. The contest will be on till the above date at 10:00 A. M., when the seal will be broken, the box opened, and the sales of each participant counted. Begin now! Be in the rush!

Customers who have tried our Shoes, and know their value, uphold them as the Best They Can Find Anywhere. Our stock is replete with all kinds of good shoes cheap for every race, class and condition of mankind.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Douglas Shoes for Men and Boys. Duttenhoffer Shoes for ladies and children and Hogan's Shoes for ladies and children.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,
115 Princess St

mar 16 tf

Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Seed Oats,

Seed Wheat,

Salt, Molasses,

Bagging and Ties.

Lime, Cement, Nails,

Grain and Hay,

A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.

The Worth Company.

jan 19 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS,
dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.31 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.15 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.55 P. M., Petersburg 6.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.5? P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.23 A. M., Philadelphia 4.05 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., *Boston 3.0? P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.?? P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M. Weldon 1.27 A. M., †Norfolk 1.50 P. M. Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.39 A. M., Baltimore 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.12 A. M. New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.12 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. — No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.26 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.53 P. M., Chadbourn 5.20 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M. Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M. Denmark 6.14 A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.25 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.4? P. M., arrives Sanford 1.58 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.0? P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.09 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.0? A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 8.06 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.22 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M., Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.03 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7.59 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.38 P. M., **Tarboro 7.22 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.26 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 8.24 A. M., Magnolia 8.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 P. M. — No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.20 P. M., Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.22 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.?? A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.20 A. M., Charleston 5.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 6.55 A. M., Sumter 5.29 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.52 A. M., Chadbourn 11.58 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.29 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.0? P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 12 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.29 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. M., Weldon 11.20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M. and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.30 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9 30 A. M., 4.00 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M., 6.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.08 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.20 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M., leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.20 P. M., Manning 6.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.20 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8:50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M. arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 11.59 P. M., Smithfield 3.08 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1 10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.24 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.25 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.57 P. M., 12.07 A. M.

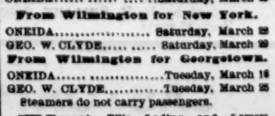
Trains leave Sumter 4.28 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.26 P. M. Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
dec 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE.......... Saturday, March 22
ONEIDA.......................Saturday, March 29

From Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA......................... Saturday, March 22
GEO. W. CLYDE............ Saturday, March 29

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA..........................Tuesday, March 18
GEO. W. CLYDE............Tuesday, March 25

Steamers do not carry passengers.

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19 State street, New York
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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 21.

ARGUMENTS CONCLUDED IN THE WILCOX CASE.

Judge Jones Will Charge the Jury To-day—Feeling Against E. F Aydlett of Counsel for the Defence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 20—Solicitor George Ward spoke for the State this morning at the trial of James Wilcox, charged with the murder of Nellie Cropsey. He contended that the evidence of the doctors against drowning was conclusive. He reviewed the testimony of the medical men and asserted that the girl was murdered and that Wilcox was guilty as charged. He said Wilcox had grown bitter at the repulses he had received from Miss Cropsey and that he had determined to win her back or kill her.

The argument was closed by E. F. Aydlett, counsel for the defence. He reviewed the entire evidence in detail. Among other things he said:

"The Cropseys have my sympathy. I have before extended it from my own lips. I do not blame Mr. Cropsey for trying to find out the cause of the death of his girl. But let us look into the evidence in this case. The people of North Carolina want honest verdicts. The doctors say that there are three tests of drowning and that they do not apply in cases where the body had been dead over four or five weeks. The doctors in this case admit that they did not examine the windpipe and other tubes to the lungs This is where one of the symptoms are found. The water could have left the lungs and stomach by natural processes in the course of thirty-seven days. There is no evidence that the girl was not drowned. He declared there was proof that the girl was drowned. If, however, she was killed, he contended that the defendant had nothing to do with it. He had neither the motive nor the opportunity.

The court house was full of people this afternoon, but soon after Mr. Aydlett began there was quite an exodus from the aisles. There is some feeling against him on account of his activity in behalf of the defendant.

Judge Jones will charge the jury to-morrow.

FIERCE FIRE IN NEW YORK.

Hardman, Peck & Co.'s Piano Plant Destroyed—Two Men Injured—Loss Estimated at $300,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Hardman, Peck & Co., piano manufacturers, suffered a loss of $300 000, or possibly more, by the destruction to night by fire of their plant, located at West Forty-eighth street and the North river.

The fire started from some unknown cause in the packing room, which is in the three-story part of the big factory. There it quickly spread throughout the entire building. The roof of the building fell in soon after, and gave rise to a report that there had been an explosion.

Just west of the three-story building, which was about 100 feet in length, and right on the river front stood a frame stable. On the roof of this were a number of firemen. When the walls fell a lot of debris fell on the roof of the stable injuring one fireman and one spectator.

From the first mentioned building the fire got into the firm's five-story structure and wrecked the upper portion of it. The loss was large because of the valuable machinery and woods in the burned buildings.

RACE TROUBLE IN KENTUCKY.

Fight Between Negroes and White Men. Two Negroes Killed — Others Were Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PADUCAH, KY., March 20.—Great excitement prevails at Madrid Bend, Ky., forty miles below Hickman, on the Tennessee line. Two negroes were killed by white men and three were horribly and probably fatally beaten. Elijah Drake, colored, it is said, was caught stealing chickens and was lynched by enraged whites, being driven to the Mississippi river and shot dead. The body floated to the shore and the white men made another negro tie a rope around the body and pull it out to deep water.

The white men then attacked four other negroes living in the neighborhood, who, it is claimed, were implicated. The negroes showed fight and in the melee that followed Jim Stewart, a negro, was shot and killed. The other three negroes, whose names are not known, were then almost beaten to death. There is fear of further trouble and the law abiding citizens have asked the governor to offer a reward for the apprehension and punishment of the murderers.

TEXAS COTTON COMPANY.

Incorporated at Albany, N. Y., With a Capital of One Million Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 20.—The Texas Cotton Products Company was incorporated to-day with a capital of $1,000,000 to gin and clean cotton and cotton seed, and to press and bale lint cottons; to manufacture and refine cotton seed oil and other oils and products and to manufacture soap, fertilizers, cellulose, pulp and paper from the cotton plant and cotton and linen threads. The principal office will be in New York city.

Says He Was Tortured.

"I suffered such pain from corns I could hardly walk," writes H. Robinson, of Hillsborough, Ill., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Sores, Scalds, Burns, Boils and Ulcers. Perfect healer of Skin Diseases and Piles. Cure guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 25 cents.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MILES CRITICISES WAR DEPARTMENT

And Its Bill for the Authorization of a General Staff for the Army.

SAYS THAT HE WILL RESIGN.

Should Measure Become a Law It Will Destroy the Unity of the Army—Its Object to Promote Interests of Personal Favorites.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—General Nelson A. Miles told the Senate Committee on Military Affairs that if the bill introduced by Senator Hawley at the instance of the War Department for the organization of a general staff for the army should become a law he would decline to longer hold his commission. The reason he gave for the statement is that the bill is utterly subversive of the interests of the military establishment, and he said that he would not be a party to such a proceeding to the extent even of continuing to hold his place.

The statement was made in the course of a prolonged hearing by the committee, which was conducted behind closed doors and in which General Miles touched upon a variety of subjects connected with the army. The portion of the bill to which he directed his especial criticism is that contained in Section 7, reading as follows:

"That from and after the passage of this act the senior general officer of the army shall be assigned to command such portion of the army as the President may direct, or be detailed to duty in the general staff corps. All duties prescribed by law for the commanding general of the army shall be performed by the chief of the general staff or other general officer designated by the Secretary of War. Provided, that so long as the present lieutenant general of the army continues on the active list he shall be the chief of the general staff, and upon the separation from active service of the said lieutenant general of the army the said office, except as herein provided, shall cease and determine."

Destroy Army's Unity.

General Miles said that if this provision should become a law it would have the effect of destroying the unity of the army and he read numerous authorities, including Napoleon, Wellington, Washington, Cass and Grant to show the necessity of having one head to the army and of controlling authority. His own experience and observation had, he said, had the effect of confirming these views and he gave an illustration of its beneficial effect in time of emergency, instancing the beginning of the war with Spain. "I heard at midnight," he said, "that the Spanish fleet had been located definitely at Santiago and I hastened to the home of Secretary Long, where the news was confirmed. Shafter was then at Tampa, and I sat down there, in the secretary's house, and wrote a dispatch directing him to start immediately for Santiago, with the result that the army was soon on its way to the point where its presence was needed. Suppose," he added, exhibiting the message which he had sent to General Shafter, "I had been compelled to get around to a dozen or more majors, as many colonels and any number of generals constituting a general staff."

To Promote Personal Favorites.

Then he added, that in all probability the senior general of the army would not under the provision he had quoted, have been in position to do anything, and he called attention to the clause relieving him (the senior general) of command and making it possible for any other officer to be appointed. He declared that under Section 7, it would be competent to one day promote a captain to the position of a brigadier and the next day make him chief of staff, thus practically placing a captain at the head of the army. Warming up somewhat, he asserted that the bill was calculated to accomplish no purpose except to allow the Secretary of War and the adjutant general to promote the interests of their personal favorites.

General Miles was questioned as to the reasons for locating the American army of occupation at Tampa and holding it there so long with the resulting congestion. Replying to the first question, he said that it was because of the order to occupy Havana. The delay was due, he said, to the fact that the American army was supplied with only sixty-four rounds of ammunition, which would not have been sufficient for more than half an hour of fighting. Considering that Havana was one of the best fortified cities in the world, he said that to have attacked it would have been foolhardy in the extreme. He refused, however, to criticise the then Secretary of War, General Alger, for the condition of affairs, saying that probably any one else in the position would have done about what he did. He laid the general blame for this condition of unpreparedness at the door of Congress.

In the course of his remarks General Miles told the committee in confidence that with the bill a law he could now name the men who would hold the places of honor provided under it, but the committee did not ask for the names.

Miles May be Disciplined

The news of General Miles' statements to-day before the military committee of the Senate excited great interest at the War Department when it became known there late in the day. There was a very general inquiry as to whether by passing the criticisms upon various officials, as reported in the press, General Miles had not exposed himself to disciplinary treatment. The answer to this must be based on the exact amount of privilege which attaches to testimony given before a committee of Congress. The question arose last week in the course of General Hughes' testimony before the Senate Philippine committee, when the general sought to escape answering questions which would involve criticism by him of his superior officer, General Otis. It appeared that there was a variance of opinion in the committee itself, as to how far General Hughes was at liberty to violate army rules and proprieties, even in answer to committee questions and the question itself was left unsettled.

While General Miles did not expect when he gave in his testimony that it would be made public in any form, he is now willing that it shall be published by the committee, making himself the broad statement that the statements which were given to the press, as those made by himself before the committee, were misrepresentations; totally unwarranted and unauthorized.

Secretary Root exhibited little feeling when his attention was called to the proceedings before the committee. He remarked quietly that he was very sorry Lieutenant General Miles opposed this bill. He pointed out that under Section 7, of which General Miles complained the Lieutenant General would have greatly enlarged powers in army management instead of being restricted in his functions, as he supposed. As to the question whether General Miles had said anything which would require action at the hands of the department or the President, the secretary firmly declined to express any opinion, for the present at least, preferring to await an official copy of the committee hearing before reaching any decision.

TO BE TRIED FOR HERESY.

Rev. Granville Louther, D. D., Charged With Disseminating Doctrines in Violation of Faith of M. E. Church.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MCPHERSON, KAS., March 20.—Rev. Granville Louther, D. D., pastor of a local church, was served with papers at a Methodist Episcopal conference here to-day, charging him with heresy and setting forth that he would be tried at Arkansas City, Kas., March 26th. Rev. Mr. Louther is charged with being guilty "of disseminating doctrines contrary to and subversive of the doctrines of the Methodist Episcopal Church," and it is alleged that he is "atheistic and evolutionistic."

Mr. Louther is charged with making and teaching the following doctrines, which are set down as in violation of the Confession of Faith and the Catechism.

"That the serpent who talked to Eve was a man, one of the race to which she and Adam belonged; that he had not come into a consciousness of God; therefore, was classed with the beasts, and that there were other inhabitants or members of the race; if not, how did Cain find his wife in the land of Nod, where none of Adam's children except Cain had gone? If not, whence came the 'daughters of men' whom the 'sons of God' took for their wives? The reasonable interpretation is that the descendants of Adam were called 'sons of God' because having entered into a conscious knowledge of God, they would claim him as their creator and worship him. The others, not knowing God, were called 'sons and duaghters of men.'

"That Adam and Eve as first created had no perception of their obligations of obedience; that in eating of the fruit of the tree of good and evil they had done nothing except what others about them were doing, and what they themselves had formerly done; that is live like beasts, but they had a higher vision of spiritual things than formerly and consequently they felt guilt.

"That Christ died for men to show man how to die for man; that this willingness to die for man should be multiplied by exactly the number of disciples of Christ, and that the atonement can never be completed until this idea prevails."

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Grand Jubilee of the Order in Chicago Fifty Thousand Members in Attendance--Programme of Exercises.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Knighthood flowered in Chicago to-day with all the pomp and panoply that mark the brotherhood of chivalry and secret vows. It was the day that had been set apart as one of jubilee for all Knights of Pythias in the Supreme domain, and 50,000 members of the order were in attendance.

All supreme and grand officers who had been able to reach town in time were entertained at luncheon by Grand Chancellor Chase E. Cushman, in the Grand Central Hotel. This evening there was a parade of many lodges, the marching route lying between the Masonic Temple and the Coliseum.

The formal programme of exercises at the Coliseum to-night began with the ritualistic bestowal of new honors upon the candidate of the Milwaukee Lodge team, Governor Lafollette, who was escorted into the crowded hall amid cheers. These rites were followed by music from the band and a quartette and addresses by R. L. C. White, supreme keeper of records and seals, of Nashville, Tenn.; Major General James R. Carnahan, of Indianapolis, Ind.; Judge D. C. Richardson, of Richmond, Va., and James A. Reed, of Kansas City, Mo. The spectacle lasted far into the night.

BOERS WELL SUPPLIED

Have Guns and Ammunition and Abundance of Stock

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 20.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Klerksdorp, Transvaal Colony, says that the Boers in the western Transvaal are well supplied with guns and ammunition, and have unlimited support and a large amount of stock; that their numbers give them confidence, while the block house system has not yet been extended enough to alarm them.

What is possible has been done, continues the correspondent, but owing to the insufficiency of troops, the British columns have been too small to cope adequately with the Boer forces, which are all composed of fighting men without any intention of surrendering.

WAR REVENUE ACT.

Report of Committee On the Bill Repealing the Measure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 20 —Senator Aldrich, from the Finance Committee, to-day presented to the Senate the report of that committee on the bill repealing the war revenue act and thus made public for the first time the amendments to the bill suggested by the committee. There are many changes in the language of the bill, but except in one instance the intention of the House bill of repealing the entire act is respected. The exception is the provision in the existing law providing for the taxation of "bucket-shops," which provision is left intact and the tax continued in effect.

PETITIONS FOR INJUNCTION

Against Railway Companies Charged With Violating Interstate Commerce Law.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Petitions for injunctions were filed here to-day in the United States Circuit Court by United States District Attorney S. H. Bethea against six of the railway companies centering in Chicago, charging them with infractions of the interstate commerce law in regard to rate cutting. In substance the complaints are the same as those filed at Kansas City. The defendants are the Michigan Central, Illinois Central, Pennsylvania, Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis, Lake Shore and the Chicago and Northwestern roads.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL DEBATED.

Appropriation of $250,000 for the Cape Fear River Above Wilmington Defeated.

MR. BELLAMY'S AMENDMENT.

Proposed Investigation of Southern Election Laws Deprecated as an Attempt to Revive Sectional Strife and Ill Feeling—The Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The House to-day made very slow progress on the River and Harbor bill, disposing of only thirty pages and leaving fifty pages still to be considered. The River and Harbor Committee again to-day succeeded in defeating every amendment offered.

The amendment of Mr. Bellamy, North Carolina, to appropriate $350,000 for the Cape Fear river above Wilmington, was among those voted down.

In the course of his remarks upon the amendment Mr. Bellamy referred briefly to the prospective investigation of Southern election laws. He deprecated it as an attempt to revive sectional strife and ill feeling. The South, he said, had reached a solution of its difficulties after many years, when this proposition was advanced which would undo all that had been accomplished toward establishing peace and prosperity.

The South, he said, was sick and tired of sectional strife. Her people loved the Union and were proud of its honor and achievements. He asserted that for sinister purposes some members on the other side were again sowing the seeds of discord, and he appealed to the conservative, fair-minded men of the Republican party to vote down a proposition fraught with so much evil to the South.

Mr. Candler, Mississippi, made a fervent but unsuccessful appeal for the improvement of the Tombigbee, in his State. His speech established him as a not unworthy successor of "private" John Allen, who long enjoyed the reputation of the "wit of the House."

Senate Proceedings.

Throughout to-day's session of the Senate the bill providing for the protection of the President of the United States was under discussion. Just before adjournment an agreement was reached to vote on the measure and pending amendments at 4 o'clock to-morrow. The speakers to-day were Messrs. Petitus of Alabama, Hawley of Connecticut and Nelson of Minnesota, in support of the bill, and Messrs. Rawlins of Utah, McCumber of North Dakota, Mallory of Florida, Carmack of Tennessee, and Money and McLaurin of Mississippi, in opposition to it. The speeches in the main were a reinforcement of arguments that have been advanced heretofore, a few new points being raised. The principal point made by the opponents of the measure was that Federal officials ought to be treated in the courts precisely as are other citizens.

Three substitutes for the bill are pending and will be pressed when the voting begins to morrow.

AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

Its Offer in Reply to the Imperial Tobacco Company of London the Sensation of the Day.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LONDON, March 20.—Ogdens, (limited) as the local representative of the American Tobacco Company, to-day gave notice of their intention to give their entire net profit and £200,000 yearly for the next four years as a bonus to their customers.

This is the American reply to the Imperial Tobacco Company's attempt to boycott American goods. In a circular, Ogdens (limited) point out that the Imperial Tobacco Company's offer to distribute a bonus amounting to £50,000 cannot be compared with the bonus the retailers will receive if they continue to trade with the American amalgamation. The American Tobacco Company's bonus scheme is the sensation of the day in the tobacco world of Great Britain. "Unparalleled," "stupendous," "amazing" are a few of the adjectives applied to this bombshell. The anti-monopoly role assumed by the American side has brought them the adherence of a number of influential retailers who were opposed to the Imperial Tobacco Company's boycott and, already, one firm, owning many stores in the metropolis, has posted notices of its refusal to exclude American goods, and of its intention to discontinue selling imperial brands.

Ogdens (limited) to-day sent out 10,000 telegrams from their Liverpool headquarters, carrying the announcement of their offer to every tobacco tradesman in England. The fact that Ogdens business in 1900 amounted to nearly £966,000 indicates the enormous sum they are expected to expend in bonuses.

The London tobacconists immediately called a meeting for to-morrow to consider their future action.

As cabled to the Associated Press from London, March 18th, the Imperial Tobacco Company (the British tobacco combination) had issued a circular offering large bonuses to its customers who would undertake not to sell American goods for a term of years.

Mr. Walters, the chairman of Ogdens (limited), says that J. B. Duke, the head of the American Tobacco combination, is not responsible for the circular, which was issued solely by the directorate of Ogdens (limited).

REFORM SCHOOL BURNED.

State Institution at Lexington, Ky., Destroyed—All the Inmates Saved. Building Set On Fire.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEXINGTON, KY., March 20.—The Bradley dormitory at the State School of Reform, near this city, was destroyed by fire late last night, but all the inmates, numbering 125 boys, all white, were saved. The loss was $25,000; two-thirds insured.

Two boys, inmates of the school, are missing and it is believed they escaped during the fire. The management of the institution became convinced that the building was set on fire by the boys, who had planned to escape, but that the prompt action of the night watchman in turning in the alarm frustrated the plan.

Superintendent Doak will not say that the fire was incendiary, because complete investigation has not been made; but W. P. Walton, one of the board of directors, says he has information that will lead to arrests.

SENSATION IN BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Chamberlain Denounced as a Damned Liar by John Dillon, Irish Nationalist, During Discussion on South Africa.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 20.—One of the liveliest scenes witnessed in the House of Commons since the palmiest days of the Irish Nationalists, ended this afternoon with the suspension of John Dillon. During the discussion of the South African affairs, the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, vigorously protested against the government's conduct in uttering "malignant slanders" in calling the Liberals pro-Boers." These slanders, Sir Henry said, were used for party purposes The government which had been going from blunder to blunder, claimed immunity from criticism and if this continued it would follow "the precedent of the evil days of the American war." The speaker proceeded to give a bitter detailed criticism of the government's treatment of the Boers and its miscalculations, declaring that the honor and interests of the country were just as dear to the Liberals as to the most superstitious defender of the government's policy and the Liberals would continue to protest in the name of the righteous and generous traditions of the nation against the methods of the government.

The colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the course of an equally incisive reply, said he desired to deliberately accuse Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman of losing no opportunity for slandering his countrymen, the soldiers and the government Consequently, the "malignant slanders" had come from the opposition side.

The Speaker, Sir William Courtgully, here intervened and declared that the term "malignant slander" was unparliamentary.

Both Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Chamberlain thereupon withdrew the words amid cheers.

Mr. Chamberlain, proceeding, referred to the Boers who are fighting on the British side, when John Dillon (Irish Nationalist) interjected, "they are traitors," on which Mr. Chamberlain retorted, "The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors."

A scene of great confusion ensued. When order was partially restored, Mr. Dillon demanded a ruling on Mr. Chamberlain's words.

The Speaker said: "An honorable member spoke of soldiers serving under the British flag as traitors. I deprecated the interruption, and I deprecated the retort of the other member."

Mr. Dillon then said: "I will tell the right honorable member that he is a damned liar."

A dead silence followed this remark. Such unparliamentary language seemed to stun the House. The Speaker invited Mr. Dillon to withdraw the expression, but the latter said: "I will not withdraw."

"Then I must name you," said the Speaker.

The government leader, A. J. Balfour, then said, "I beg to move that Mr. Dillon be suspended from the service in the House" The motion was carried by 248 to 48 votes. Mr. Dillon immediately, by direction of the Speaker, left the House amid wild Nationalist cheers, and Mr. Chamberlain resumed his speech.

Mr. Dillon's suspension, under the present rules, cannot exceed a week. His offence would have been much more severely dealt with had the new rules been in force.

The ejection of Mr. Dillon did not serve to clear the atmosphere and the remainder of the debate was filled with personal allusions and unpleasant charges, the nature of which would have excited comment had they not been discounted by the first explosion.

WARM WIRELETS.

The New York Stock Exchange will be closed on Good Friday and the following day.

Emperor William has directed that a former torpedo boat, now used as a guardship at Wilhelmshaven, shall be renamed "Alice Roosevelt."

Galveston county, Texas, has voted for an issuance of $1,500,000 in bonds with which to build a sea wall on plans furnished by eminent engineers.

A bulletin issued at midnight said that the lung difficulty of Cecil Rhodes had been ameliorated but that owing to the heat the patient was unable to sleep.

The wrecking tug I. J. Merritt, passed in the Virginia capes yesterday with the yacht Endymion, which was wrecked off Diamond Shoals, N. C., in tow.

The Navy Department has assigned the protected cruiser San Francisco to the European station and she will leave for her new post the latter part of this month.

Replying to telegrams from the Century Athletic Club, of Los Angeles, Cal., Robert Fitzsimmons wired that club that he would accept their proposition provided they guaranteed the contestants $25,000.

More than twenty buildings in the little mining town of Elmo, Va., were burned by a fire that started there early yesterday. The loss was $35,000. The buildings were chiefly miners' cottages.

J. J. Morgan, and party of friends, who have been spending some time in the South, arrived in Washington yesterday. They were entertained at lunch by Senator Hanna and later visited the capitol.

The People's bank of Americus, Ga., W. H. Simmons, president, closed its doors yesterday as a result of a quiet run for a week. The capital of the bank was $50,000, and the amount due creditors is said to be $30,000.

Capt. W. W. Wrigley, for thirty-seven years cashier of the First National Bank of Macon, Ga., died yesterday. He is believed to have been the oldest bank cashier in point of continuous service in the South.

Fire at Athens, Ga., yesterday destroyed the Rucker cotton compress and twenty-one hundred bales of cotton. The loss is $155 000. The insurance was nearly all carried by the Marine Fire Insurance Company.

The first cotton manufacturing concern in Rhode Island to follow the action of the mills in Fall River in swelling the pay roll is the Richmond Manufacturing Company, of Bristol, which announces an advance of 10 per cent.

The presidents of the street railway companies in New Orleans last night issued a reply to the demands of the Street Railway Employes' Union, refusing to hold any further communication with the amalgamated association.

Executrix Notice.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY,

Having this day qualified as the Executrix, under the last will and testament of Dedrich Steljes, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment of the same, and persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me for payment duly antnenticated within twelve months from the date of this notice, or I will plead the same in bar of their recovery.

This the 27th day of February, A. D. 1901.

MARY FRANCE TEL'JES,
Executrix of Dedrich Steljes, deceased.
feb 28 6t fr

REVOLUTION IN VENEZUELA.

Great Activity of Insurgent Troops—Several Towns Attacked — Situation Critical for President Castro.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

WILLEMSTAD, ISLAND OF CURACOA, March 20.—The Venezuelan revolution, headed by General Matos, seems to be taking form. Eight hundred revolutionists under General Penaloza are besieging Carupano (a seaport town in the State of Bermuda) and the revolutionists under General Monamas have surrounded Barcelona, the capital of the State of Bermudez Gen. Riera, who escaped the pursuit of the Venezuelan government troops near Cumarebo, in the State of Falcon, is marching in the direction of Tucacas, a seaport town in the State of Lara, which place is to be attacked on land by his troops and from the sea by the revolutionary steamer Bolivar, also known as the Libertador.

The Venezuelan government is sending troops to El Hacha to intercept General Riera and prevent the junction of his troops with the revolutionists in the Barquisimeto district.

The revolutionists have cut the cable to Barcelona and, consequently, the Venezuelan government is without news from Carupano. The situation is said to be critical for President Castro.

The Venezuelan fleet is not in a condition to pursue the Bolivar and the plans of President Castro to capture her have failed.

Gen. Sturbe, the president of the State of Gunare, has been with his staff taken prisoner by the revolutionists.

A small fire in the Tombs prison at New York, yesterday, caused much excitement. The prisoners were marched into the court yard in the center of the prison and the police reserves of the Delancey street station were turned out Hose was run into the building and the flames were soon under control. No one was hurt.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Just Arrived—A car load of fine Bananas. I will sell them from the car, foot of dock street at prices from 65 cents to $1.50 per bunch. A. S. Winstead. mar 21 1t

Wanted—A good white girl or woman to do general house work. Two in family, no children. A good home for the right one. Address "W," care of STAR. fr su mar 21 2t

Cash Paid for old U. S. Postage and Revenue stamps. Call 7 00 to 8.00 P. M. any night. C. W. Naylor, 217½ North Front street. mar 18 6t*

To the Public—I have my goods in now and if you want to get your Spring suit call on me. Al. I want is orders for suits, pants or any other kind of orders in mine for Easter Sunday. Yours truly, F. H. Krahnke mar 16tf

Board—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board, with or with out room, at 219 Red Cross street, corner Third. feb 9 tf

Notice—We have received another car load Jamaica Bananas, a great deal finer than the last one. Call and see them or send in your orders now. Will make shipments prompt and prices right J K Westbrook & Co., 208 and 210 Market street, Bell 'Phone 447. feb 4 tf

Second-Hand Organ just like new for sale cheap; also, party leaving town wants to sell fine Upright Piano at a bargain. Warerooms corner Front and Ann streets. feb 2 tf

Prof. Max Hirsch's Piano Tuning and Repairing first class. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. O. Box 803, or call Bell 'Phone 782 feb 2 tf

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick luncheon, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor Princess street. dec 6 tf

Farming Operations

Will soon be in full swing, and we call attention to our immense stock of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Which we are selling at prices that must attract the attention of buyers.

When it comes to our great stock of

Hardware, Tinware, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, &c.,

we have not space to go into details; but you are invited to call and make personal examination.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

ORTON BUILDING.

mar 12 tf

"The Leopard's Spots"

A TALE OF THE SOUTH,

BY TOM DIXON.

"Wallannah," by Will Loftin Hargrove.
"Audrey," by Mary Johnson.
"The Young Barbarian," by Ian McLaurin.
"Under Southern Sun," by Mrs. Matthew Hege.

All the New Books and Periodicals constantly on hand.

Patronize our "Circulating Library of Current Fiction."

YOU CAN READ ANY OF THE NEW BOOKS FOR

25 CENTS.

C. W. YATES & CO.

mar 16tf

Grape Nuts and Postum Coffee.

30 cases Grape-Nuts $2.70 per case.

24 cases large size Postum Cereal Food Coffee $2.25 per case.

26 cases small size Postum Cereal Food Coffee $2.70 per case.

W. B. COOPER,

Progressive Wholesale Grocer,

mar 19 tf Wilmington, N. C

JUST STOCKED.

A very large line of Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, all shapes, color and prices. Possibly the best assortment in the city; any way sufficiently large from which to make a satisfactory selection at

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.

P. S.—Fresh supply smallpox Vaccine just received at Hardin's Pharmacy. mar 9 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE.

Prices Until Further Notice.

10 to 15 Pound Tickets	. .	40c per	100 Lbs.
25 to 50 " "	. .	35c "	"
100 " "	. .	25c "	"
Per Block of 300 lbs "	. .	70c "	Block.
1,000 to 2,000 Pounds	. .	20c "	100 lbs

We respectfully solicit a continuance of your patronage.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

mar 19 tf

Rehder's Rehder's

How pleased it is to know that our customers are pleased.

Yes, they seemed delighted with our

Grand Easter Opening.

Our main desire is to please them in everything connected with our business and to give them the best goods at the lowest prices.

NOW FOR YOUR EASTER TRADE.

We have sold many Hats during our Grand Opening, but hundreds of our customers have not given their orders as yet.

It is true we have two more weeks before Easter, but it takes time to do the work right and every one knows that we turn out nothing but the best work. Our styles are the very latest, prices the lowest and we have one of the finest trimmers in the South. Kindly favor us with your orders as early as possible. All other departments offer special Easter Novelties.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Three Stores—615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and over.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter State 218.

mar 16 tf

THE INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

Begs to submit the following schedule of Prices for tickets in lots of one Dollar's worth and upwards. To-wit:

10, 15 and 20 Pound Tickets	. .	40c per 100	Pounds
25 and 50 " "	. .	35c " "	"
100 and 200 " "	. .	25c " "	"
300 Lb. Blocks	. .	70c	each.
1,000 to 2,000 Pound Lots	. .	20c per 100	Lbs.

These prices will hold good until circumstances require changes when due notice will be published in THE MORNING STAR.

Our car load of delivery wagons got side-tracked just north of Washington City last week and were taking things easy until we called the R. R. Co.'s attention to the matter, when the wagons again started South. We expect to receive them some time this Spring; in the meantime we will improvise a delivery service.

THE INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY.

BELL 'PHONE 68. INTER-STATE 197.

mar 20 tf

We Sell What We Advertise!

THREE SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THREE DAYS.

First Bargain:

Ten piece Decorated Toilet Set, worth $3.50 for $1.99.

Second Bargain:

Solid Oak Brace Arm High Back Diners worth $1.50 for 69c.

Third Bargain:

Ten piece Highly Decorated Toilet Sets, worth anywhere $5.00 for $2.99.

Remember we are closing out and sell what we advertise.

THE SNEED CO.,

mar 19 tf Second and Market Streets.

Easter Shoes

ON SALE AT

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.'S,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

This is the place.

mar 19 tf

Extra Car Load of Horses and Mules.

Having associated myself with

W. C. HALEY & SON,

of Nashville, Tenn., who deals extensively in their own State as well as in the South. Consequently we are in position to sell wholesale or retail, for cash or on time, with approved security.

J. C. BLACKLEY,

mar 9 tf 208 and 210 Market Street.

FLOUR,

Meal, Corn and Oats.

Salt and Molasses.

Coffee and Rice, Cigars and Tobacco.

We offer the above goods of best quality at lowest market prices. Send us your orders for anything in our line. Write for samples and prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocer,

mar 15 tf Wilmington, N. C.

LOOK AT THIS.

Fresh Lead of Horses and Mules

Just arrived, among them several Kentucky saddle and general business Horses. I also carry a full stock of

BUGGIES, HARNESS, ETC.,

For sale and have lately added to my business a light Livery. new Buggies and stylish Horses. Call and see me.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 26 tf